THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Times.

VOL. 19 — VICTORIA B. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 24, 1894. — No. 205

Without Doubt
Pure Drugs dispensed as only practical men can dispense them, are the safest and best. At the P.P.P.P. accuracy and purity are guaranteed.
C. E. JONES, Chemist,
30 Government St.

NOTICE.....

We are selling DIAMONDS, WATCHES, CLOCKS and all kinds of Jewelry at prices away below anything seen in the city before.

Fine lines of NEW GOODS constantly arriving, and everything guaranteed.

Our Manufacturing Department is the finest operated in the province, and all kinds of Repairing and Manufacturing is at Rock Bottom Prices.

Challoner & Mitchell,
47 Government Street.

THAT NEW DRESS

THERE was a gruff fellow once, who said that he never had to consult either the almanac or the weather to know that Fall was approaching. The clamor of the females of his family for new raiment was sign enough.

In deference to their demand, we have brought on the first installment of the new season fabrics, and invite the ladies to see them. We say nothing about the men. They can have the floor for a few remarks when the parcel comes C. O. D. Just now, silence with them is like the proverbial—golden.

THE NEWEST CREATIONS.

Snowden and Cheviot Tweeds
These goods are all wool 54 in. wide, stylish, and in nice autumn shades. They are first class value at 75c, 90c, $1.00, $1.10, $1.15, $1.25 per yard.

Serges and Diagonals
We have just opened a choice assortment, prices ranging from 50c to $1.25. We call special attention, however, to the 75c quality.

Aberdeen Tweeds
Heavy Scotch Heather Mixtures 42 inches wide, very serviceable, at 50c.

Amazon and Habit Twills
Strong, useful and cheap, at 35c.
We invite your personal inspection.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

WESTSIDE, August 21st, 1894.

Some People....

Can't tell a good thing when they see it. A great many people are unable to judge the quality of cloths and consequently are imposed upon. There is only one safe plan: Deal with people you can depend upon.

You Can Depend Upon Us : : : :

We have a large, complete and well-selected stock. We have recently made great reductions in all lines to keep up or rather keep down with the times. A little thought should convince you that it is to your advantage to give us a call when requiring anything in our line.

A. GREGG & SON, MERCHANT TAILORS,
YATES STREET.

C. H. STICKELS.... ROOMS: 19 to 22 .... Board of Trade Building.

CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES...

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

THE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD.,

....QUOTE AS FOLLOWS....

Delivered to any part of the City.

Wheat	$1 25 per hun.	Oats	$1 50 per hun.
Bran	90 " "	Mixed feed	1 00 " "
Shorts	1 00 " "	Ground	1 10 " "

Our feed is manufactured fresh every day and is superior to the imported article. Patronize home industry by using our goods. TERMS—Net cash with order.

FOR SALE
WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

A new residence facing the Victoria Arm, 200 feet water frontage, unsurpassed view of the City of Victoria and Olympian range in the back-ground; entrance from the Gorge Road; two-and-a-half acres of land; House containing panelled vestibule, beautifully frescoed hall, handsome Staircase, double Drawing Room with two fireplaces, Dining Room, Smoking Room, six Bed Rooms, Bath Room, W. C. and Lavatory on each floor, large attic, spacious cellar with stone walls, brick foundation, electric light, electric bells, &c., &c.

Price, $10,500. Terms can be arranged to suit the purchaser. Apply to

J GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect. P. O. Box 352.
30 1-2 Government Street, Victoria.

MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS.

The next examination of the B. C. Medical Council will take place at Vancouver on the 4th of September, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m.

G. L. MILNE,
aug 21-10t Rec. Secy.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Vancouver Island Development Syndicate, Limited.

Amended Notice.

(Owing to the delay in the previous notice caused by the floods on the Canadian Pacific Railway.)

Notice is hereby given that the creditors of the above named company are required, on or before the 17th day of October, 1894, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts and claims, to Grosvenor George Walker, the liquidator of the said company, at 19 St. Swithin's Lane, in the City of London, England, and, if so required, by notice in writing from the said liquidator are to come in and prove their said debts or claims, at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice, or in default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1894.
EBERTS & TAYLOR,
30 Langley Street, Victoria, B. C.
Solicitors for the said liquidator.
aug24-s 27

LOST—A prospectus of the Marine History; party finding same will receive a fair reward by returning to W. J. Tyler, Oriental Hotel, city. tf

KILLED IN THE STREETS.

Scottish Missionary Clubbed, Kicked and Stabbed to Death by the Chinese.

Number of Unimportant Skirmishes in the Eastern War—Scouts Killed.

London, Aug. 24.—The Central News has advices from Shanghai to the effect that a Tokio dispatch received there states that a small detachment of Japanese scouts met a force of Chinese at Chung Ho on the 17th, and in the engagement that ensued five scouts were wounded and a lieutenant killed. The same dispatch states that a serious battle is expected to occur any day.

A news agency has received information that the Chinese government has warned foreigners not to loiter on the river near the Kiangnan arsenal or the imperial factory at Shanghai, under pain of being arrested as spies.

The dispatch to the Central News stating that Mr. Wylie, a Scotch missionary, had been murdered by Chinese soldiers at New Chang is confirmed by later advices. These advices assert that the attack on Mr. Wylie was entirely unprovoked. The missionary was clubbed, kicked and stabbed to death in a public street. A demand was made upon the authorities that the persons concerned in the commission of the crime be turned over to the civil magistrate, but the officials refused to surrender the guilty parties. The British residents of New Chang will, it is stated, petition their minister to send a war vessel to the scene of the trouble. It is also asserted that the report of severe fighting at Ping Yang is without foundation. The only engagement that has occurred there was been an attack upon the Japanese picket by a small detachment of Chinese cavalry.

Tokio, Aug. 4.—The government has announced that a number of torpedoes were laid in Yokohama and Nagasaki harbors on the 2nd instant and that foreign ships entering the harbors must be accompanied by Japanese pilot boats.

Washington, Aug. 24.—The cruiser Charleston will sail for China on Sunday morning, orders to this effect having been sent to the commandant of Mare Island navy yard by Admiral Ramsay, acting secretary of the navy. The Charleston will stop at Hawaii several days for coal and is expected to join the Asiatic squadron in the latter part of September. She will not be hurried in the passage across the Pacific, as there is no immediate necessity for her presence east.

San Francisco, Aug. 24.—Lieutenant Francis L. G. Harden, late of the British naval reserve of New Zealand, who was deported from Hawaii for aiding the revolutionists, and who recently offered his services to China, has been compelled to abandon his belligerent plans. He was yesterday called before the British consul and given warning to keep out of Corean affairs.

HON. C. F. FRASER

Found Dead in Bed This Morning—Cuban Trade Privileges.

Ottawa, Aug. 24.—Hon. C. F. Fraser, ex-minister of public works in the Mowat government, was found dead in bed in the parliament buildings, Toronto, at 9 o'clock to-day.

The governor-general of Cuba has been instructed by the Spanish government to admit Canadian and Newfoundland fish free of duty. Minister Bowell got a telegram this afternoon to that effect.

CALIFORNIA DEMOCRATS.

Selection of a Candidate for Governor of That State.

San Francisco, Aug. 24.—At the state convention to-day B. D. Murphy of San Jose was placed in nomination for governor by E. N. Matthews of Santa Clara. J. V. Coleman of San Francisco seconded the nomination. Frank Nicoll of San Joaquin placed James H. Budd of Stockton in nomination. Gavin McNab of San Francisco nominated Congressman McGuire who was seconded by R. J. Ferrall of San Francisco. Raleigh Barker of Solano nominated Denis Spencer of Napa. He was seconded by G. Doty of Sacramento. Nominations were then closed and voting commenced. There was no choice on the first ballot, 329 votes being necessary. Murphy received 290, Budd 226, McGuire 84 and Spencer 48. A second ballot was ordered.

PYTHIAN CONVENTION.

Washington Preparing to Entertain the Visitors.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 24.—Washington expects to entertain one hundred thousand visitors next week during the encampment of the Knights of Pythias. Already people from other places are beginning to arrive. Cut rates on excursion tickets to enable the knights and their friends to attend the great celebration went into effect Tuesday and it is reported that thousands have taken advantage of the opportunity to visit Washington. On the grounds near the Washington monument 1700 tents have been erected and in them members of the uniform rank will sleep and eat.

FATAL MINE EXPLOSION.

Twelve Men Buried in a Pennsylvania Colliery.

Pottsville, Pa., Aug. 24.—At 12:30 this afternoon an explosion of gas took place in the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company's colliery at Gilberton and twelve men are buried in the mine. Particulars are meagre but it is known that Lewis Ball, a Polish boy aged 18, employed as driver in the gangway, was brought out dead owing to the deadly fire damp. The work of rescuing the other men is prosecuted with caution under great difficulties. The number is not yet known.

A TROUBLESOME VOYAGE.

Mutinous Crew and Bad Weather Delays the Shandon.

San Francisco, Aug. 24.—The British ship Shandon arrived in port last night after a long voyage from Caleuta. The vessel left for her trip across the Pacific [illegible] days ago. Not long after she left Sangour some of the crew mutinied and Capt. Harris had great difficulty in navigating his ship. Added to the trouble on board were contrary winds and troublesome gales which kept the vessel back and when the passage was only about half finished the provisions showed signs of giving out. The vessel was headed for Honolulu and food was doled out sparingly. By the time the islands were reached the galley was bare and the men had to be assisted to fuel sails. The mutineers were transferred to a British man-of-war then in port when they were dealt with according to the admiralty laws of England and new men were taken in their places. A fresh supply of provisions was taken on board and the vessel again headed for San Francisco.

Empress of India.

Yokohama, Aug. 24.—The Canadian Pacific Railway steamship Empress of India arrived here at 6 p.m. on Monday, August 20th.

Condensed Dispatches.

John W. Ryland has been nominated by the President for postmaster of San Jose, Cal. His nomination has been confirmed by the senate.

The secretary of the treasury has decided that if the tariff bill passes coffee now in bond will be admitted free.

The President has approved the general deficiency appropriation bill and the bill to extend the time for completing the railroad bridge over the Columbia river at Vancouver, Wash.

HUGH LYNN IS HANGED.

The Savary Island Murderer Keeps Up His Courage to the Last Moment.

Walks Firmly Up to the Scaffold and Submits Coolly to the Pinioning.

New Westminster, Aug. 24.—Hugh Lynn suffered death on the gallows this morning for the murder of Green and Taylor at Savary Island last October. The arrangements were perfect in every detail and the terrible event passed off without special incident. The condemned man spent a quiet night. Rev. T. Scouler and Rev. E. D. McLaren remained with Lynn until midnight when they left and he undressed and went to bed. He tossed about restlessly until 2:30 o'clock when he fell into a sound slumber which lasted until 4:30 o'clock. Then he rose, dressed and prepared for the final act. Half an hour later Rev. Mr. Scouler arrived and remained with the doomed man until the end. Lynn's nerves were in good condition and he appeared prepared for the awful change. After devotions he had breakfast and again devotional exercises were resumed and continued until the sheriff made his appearance to lead the way to the scaffold. The final preparations were begun at 7:50 o'clock when Sheriff Armstrong, Warden Moresby and the hangman entered the condemned cell and notified Lynn that the time had arrived. He submitted quietly while the hangman pinioned his arms. Everything being in readiness the march to the scaffold commenced at 8 o'clock sharp. Sheriff Armstrong walked first followed by Deputy Sheriff McMartin, then came the hangman, and immediately behind the condemned man and Rev. Thomas Scouler, followed Dr. McLean, Rt. Drew, Warden Moresby and officers of the jail. Lynn walked firmly out of the jail and up the steps of the scaffold. As he turned and faced the small group of spectators his countenance was deadly pale and the nerves of his face twitched slightly, but he displayed good spirit and submitted quietly to the final pinioning of his legs. After the noose had been placed about his neck, Mr. Moresby asked Lynn if he had anything to say. In a low voice Lynn replied: "I want you to thank all the officers for their kindness to me." Then the hangman quickly drew the black hood over Lynn's head and grasped the lever which controlled the trap. Mr. Moresby grasped the hand of the dying man and gave it a hearty shake which was warmly returned. Amid breathless silence Rev. Mr. Scouler repeated the Lord's Prayer and at the words "and forgive us our trespasses," the trap fell and Lynn was launched into eternity. The time was 8:04 o'clock. The drop was 8 feet 2 inches and death was instantaneous, the neck being broken. The work was done so perfectly that the muscles never quivered, and when the swaying motion ceased the body remained quite motionless. At the end of half an hour the body was taken down and placed in a coffin after which the usual inquest was held and verdict returned. The execution was witnessed by about 50 persons, officials included. The identity of the hangman was strictly concealed.

NANAIMO NEWS.

The Black Diamond City to Have an Agricultural Show.

Nanaimo, Aug. 24.—A special meeting of the Nanaimo District Agricultural and Horticultural Society is to be held in the city hall Saturday night to arrange for a show on a large scale. Every endeavor is being made by the members of the society to make the show a success.

The suit of J. H. Good vs. C. Dempster will again be heard by Judge Harrison in a few days. There appears to be an error in the previous statement that the suit was dismissed, it was only withdrawn.

The Deemings state they are willing to carry out their previous proposition in reference to a race with Bradley, viz: Deemings to put up one or all the championship medals if Bradley will put up a $50 diamond pin for a race the winner to take both. The race to come off either at Victoria on September 8th or Nanaimo on September 10th. J. Deeming is willing to ride Bradley for a half mile, best three heats out of five, and Albert Deeming is willing to ride him one mile, best two in three heats, or five miles straight.

H. M. S. Royal Arthur called here last evening and left again to-day.

Fred Matheson met with a severe accident while working in No. 1 shaft yesterday. The full extent of his injuries are not yet known.

The charge of robbery against Tom Curran was dismissed by Magistrate Planta yesterday, the complainant not having put in an appearance.

In Wall Street.

Wall Street, New York, Aug. 24.—The stock market opened strong and higher. The improvement which ranged from 1-8 to 1-2 per cent., was due to higher cables from London and the favorable St. Paul earnings. The bulls paid no attention to the report of an impending failure of a stock brokerage concern. This firm failed before and has not cut much figure in Wall street affairs since the retirement of Henry Ward.

Removal.

Dr. Mary Stevenson has removed her office to No. 78 Pandora avenue, two doors east of First Presbyterian church.

The steamer Monarch, one of the largest on the great lakes, struck a rock at Long Sante, Rainy River, Ont., August 19, and sank. Fifty excursionists escaped by a rope.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—Between Kane street and Burnside Road, on Blanchard street, a girl's Jacket—finder will oblige by leaving at Times office. aug24-2t

WANTED TO BUY—A hammerless gun, must be in good condition; moderate price; Greener preferred. Address S. A., Times office. aug24-1t

WANTED—Three skookum men to prospect between the government building and Beacon Bar on Leach River, each to bear his own expenses. Address Dan O'Connell, Times Office. aug24-1t

NICELY SITUATED and well furnished house to let. Address P.O. box 595, city. aug 24

TO LET—A well furnished house; $16 per month. Apply 176 Yates St. a24-4t

Re-Opening of the Colonial Metropole.

The formal opening of the Colonial Metropole will take place to-morrow evening, Saturday, August 25, under the management of

...JOHN SHEEDY...

Friends and the public generally are invited to give us a call. 21

VICTORIA THEATRE.

Two Performances Only.

Wednesday and Thursday

...August 29th and 30th...

The Successful Comedy Drama

"FRIENDS"

BY EDWIN MILTON ROYLE.

Management of Arthur C. Alston.

Interpreted by the Original Co'y.

Prices—$1.00, 75c and 50c.
Seats now on sale at Jameson's.

FOR THE NORTH

BARBARA BOSCOWITZ

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, will sail for Fort Simpson and way ports on

Saturday, August 25th,

At 7 p. m., from Spratt's Wharf. For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN,
6 Trounce Avenue.
Manager.

BY ORDER MORTGAGEES.

To Tailors, Merchants, Traders, Heads of Families, Etc.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.,
AUCTIONEERS,

Are favored with instructions from the Trustees of the Estate of Green, Worlock & Co. to sell by auction on the premises on

Tuesday and Wednesday

Aug. 28 and 29,

The entire Stock of D. CAMPBELL & CO., TAILORS, Government street, near post office. This is one of the largest, most costly and best selected stocks of

...Tweeds and Cloths...

in the city, and will be sold without reserve.

Sale to commence each day at 11 a.m. and to continue all day, with half an hour's rest from 1 to 1:30.

Terms—Cash.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Leading Auctioneers.

EUROPEAN GOSSIP.

The Pope's Health far from Satisfactory —Cholera Scourge.

Berlin, Aug. 23.—The Prussian minister to the Vatican, Baron von Bulow, is expected here next summer on leave of absence. If, however, the Pope's health should change for the worse, he will only be called to Berlin for a day or two ad audiendum verbum with regard to the next conclave, which already is beginning to occupy the serious attention of the diplomatists of the triple alliance. At the Wilhelmstrasse, in spite of the negotiations of the Vatican press, which declared that Leo XIII is in perfect health, the opinion prevails that the critical moment is not far off. The confidential reports received from Rome by the imperial chancellery represent the Pope's health as far from satisfactory. It is stated here that M. Hanotaux, the French minister of foreign affairs, has already adopted measures in order not to be taken by surprise if anything should happen.

I understand that the cabinets of Berlin and Vienna will support the candidature of the Cardinals Vannutelli. They are both known to be friendly to the policy of the triple alliance, and the election of one or the other of them to the Holy See would be very popular here. Both the Austrian and German governments would prefer Cardinal Galimberti, formerly papal nuncio at Vienna, but he is still too young to aspire to the papal throne. It is expected, however, that he will exercise a decisive influence at the conclave. Cardinal Galimberti is known here as the papstmacher or the pope-maker.

As to Cardinal Maria Lucido Parocchi the vicar of Rome, his candidature will be opposed both here and in Vienna, in spite of his good intentions toward the two empires. The feeling against him has its origin in his well known aversion to the Quirinal. The excellent relations which he had in 1883 with Prince Bismarck and his friendship for the late Herr von Schloezer are already forgotten.

As to Cardinal Monaco La Valletta, it is thought that he is too old and too weak in health to accept the tiara. Henceforth the conclave is on the ordre du jour here, and behind the scenes a proper propaganda is already being carried on with a view of finding a successor to Leo XIII who will be friendly to German interests.

London, Aug. 23.—Morley, chief secretary for Ireland, has succeeded in calming the storm aroused by the Irish members as a result of the veto by the house of lords of the evicted tenants bill. All motions made by Irish members with a view to forcing Harcourt to announce the government's policy were defeated to-day in the house of commons.

It is reported that Grand Duke Paul Alexandrovich, the youngest son of the Czar, is betrothed to Princess Maud, the youngest daughter of the Prince of Wales.

In Galicia on Tuesday there were 185 cases of cholera and 113 deaths. In Bukowin, seventeen cases and nine deaths.

The Czar is suffering from an attack of influenza.

A dispatch from Berlin says that it is stated among the belongings of 14 anarchists arrested in that city on the 15th instant, were documents which show conclusively that Berlin plotters were in constant communication with their brethren in Paris, Barcelona, Chicago and London. Financial aid had been received from the cities named. Anonymous letters, threatening Emperor William are frequently received at the imperial palace.

Cholera has appeared at Koenigsburg and Cologne.

A Venezuelan revenue cutter has seized the British vessel Eclipse, which arrived at La Guayra with a contraband cargo from Trinidad.

CABLE NEWS.

Textile Workers Meet—The Stolen Soltykoff Jewels.

London, Aug. 24.—The authorities of Scotland Yard have sent to the police departments of the principal cities of the United States a description of the contents of the jewel casket belonging to the Princess Soltykoff, stolen last week from the Beechwood mansion on the Windsor road, where the princess was a guest. The jewels were valued at $70,000, and the thieves, who were evidently expert cracksmen, also took the deeds to valuable property in New York, Denver and Chicago, belonging to the Soltykoff estate, and held in trust. This gives rise to the belief that the burglars were Americans and may be on their way to New York to dispose of their booty. The police, however, have not the slightest clue to their identity. Some of the stolen jewelry is described as follows: A long black pearl brooch, surrounded by diamonds; two similar gold brooches ornamented with dogs; a gold horseshoe brooch, set with seven turquoises separated by diamonds; a gold and diamond frog brooch; a globular gold watch encrusted with diamonds, and a chain and pin; two gold pear-shaped solitaires, set with turquoises and diamonds; three flat gold turquoise and diamond studs; a pair of gold, diamond and sapphire links; two gold moonstone and diamond hat pins; three sapphire pins; two gold racket shaped pins, set with five pearls; a gold horseshoe and diamond pin; a gold pin with "A" in diamonds; a gold knitted and hinged long purse, set with diamonds; a gold mounted knitted portmonnaie, having a small chain attached; a gold and sapphire topped crystal scent bottle; a gold, emerald and diamond topped cut glass scent bottle, and a chased gold sweetmeat box, topped with a lady's miniature.

The lords justices of appeal have decided that editors are entitled to but six months' notice of dismissal, or salary for six months in the case of summary discharge. This sets aside the unwritten law that has been recognized in journalistic circles from time immemorial, and by virtue of which editors have always claimed to receive a year's notice or a year's salary.

An international conference of workers in the textile trades opened to-day in the Memorial hall at Manchester. Six hundred delegates from the textile centres of Great Britain and thirty-two from the continent participated. It was stated that delegates from the United States were in the city, but they had not put in an appearance up to the time of the appointment of the committee on credentials. The purpose of the conference is to consider the needs of the textile workers of the various countries and their relations to each other's interests, and to consider the desirability of forming an international organization for mutual protection.

There is considerable comment and no little indignation manifested in Irish circles over the severity of the sentence of five years' penal servitude just passed at the Old Bailey sessions on John James Dillon O'Flynn, an Irish lawyer, who founded a school for lady journalists, and after securing several rich pupils who were anxious to shine in the journalistic world, succeeded in getting from them on one pretext or another sums aggregating ten thousand dollars. He made practically no defence, but pleaded for mercy on the ground that he had lost a fortune in the Whitehall Review and other newspapers and had been made desperate. O'Flynn, who visited the United States a few years ago, was at one time an anarchist patriot of the "moderate" school. Some years ago, when Parnellism was in the ascendancy, Mr. O'Flynn was a recognized exponent upon Nationalist platforms. In fact no platform was full without him. His Sunday evening lectures in Irish quarters were calculated to make him an especial favorite with his "persecuted" kinsmen, and his burning words of indignation were wont to rouse his audience to the highest pitch. In 1885 Mr. O'Flynn's name was mentioned in connection with the representation of an Irish constituency. He failed to be made a member of the British house of commons, but, after his rejection, he still pursued in England his noble resolve to emancipate his country. But "nationality" at length ceased to pay, and so he turned his attention to this form of profit-making which has ingloriously failed.

BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION.

It Threatens the Great Republic to the South.

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 24.—At a meeting of the American Bar Association this morning, Judge Hun presided and introduced the first speaker very felicitously. He was Moorefield Storr, of Boston, and he read the annual address. He pointed out the change in the relations that exist between the people and the legislature and the danger that threatens the Republic through bribery and corruption of men in office.

AMERICAN NEWS.

"Fighting Bob Evans" Takes Charge of the Flagship New York.

New York, Aug. 24.—Captain Robley D. Evans, known generally as "Fighting Bob," formally took charge of the flagship cruiser New York at the Brooklyn navy yard this morning.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 24.—A. S. Tucker, a small trader in wheat, suicided at Washington Park. Inability to pay his debts at the clearing house is supposed to be the cause.

Columbus, O., Aug. 24.—The employees of the Hocking Valley railroad at Nelsonville went on strike this morning because Receiver Waite has not recognized the old committee of employees that managed the former strike. The strike has not extended yet, and probably will not. President John McBride of the United Mine Workers, who acted as mediator in the controversy between the company and its employees advised against this strike, and the labor leaders generally are urging the men not to strike. The local union has voted that the old committee must be recognized. The outlook promises another tie-up on this road.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 24.—Col. J. M. Winstead, president of the Piedmont Peoples' Savings Bank of Greensboro, N. C., this morning removed his shoes and jumped from one of the towers of the city hall here, a distance of 170 feet. He was terribly mangled, his left leg being caught in a projection and torn from its socket. No cause is known.

HAWAIIAN NEWS.

H. M. S. Champion Remains at Honolulu at Request of Britishers.

San Francisco, Aug. 23.—The United States cruiser Philadelphia arrived today from Honolulu, bringing the following letter:

Honolulu, Aug. 12.—Several days ago it was announced that the Philadelphia was to leave here. About the same time the captain of the British ship Champion said his ship would leave in two weeks to cruise, ostensibly to look over the route of the proposed Pacific cable. A day after the above events a petition was circulated by the British residents, asking that the Champion remain, as they claimed to be in fear of having no protection in the event of trouble. The Champion's commander agreed to stay, and Admiral Walker at once announced the intention of doing the same thing. This sudden change in the plans of the vessels has caused a great amount of comment. The royalists claim that if the Philadelphia had left there would have been an uprising at once. The other side claim to want the Philadelphia to go that it may show the royalists that it is not afraid of them. Their wish was attained by word received yesterday, ordering the Philadelphia to proceed at once home.

The war between China and Japan is having an effect here. Reports were received last week of a fight between the Chinese and Japanese, and serious trouble is feared on some of the large plantations.

Saloonkeepers Defiant.

Columbus, O., Aug. 22.—An evening paper to-day prints interviews with a large number of Catholic saloon keepers of this city upon Bishop Watterson's stand against the liquor traffic, as engaged in by members of the church in his diocese. Almost without exception they are defiant against the order and say they will neither leave the church nor quit the saloon business.

Inter-State Fair.

For the Inter-State Fair at Tacoma, the steamer City of Kingston has made a round trip rate of $3.75, including two admissions to the fair.

Tickets on sale every Tuesday and Friday, from August 14th to October 30th inclusive, with final limit of twenty days from date of sale.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agent N. P. R. R. Co.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

THE OLD RELIABLE.

The Matches with a Reputation.

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

28,000,000 made and consumed daily.

TELEGRAPH.
TELEPHONE.
TIGER.
PARLOR.

SEAL PROTECTION.

Other Powers Invited to Adhere to the Agreement Reached at Paris.

Washington, D.C., Aug. 23.—The state department has initiated the next phase of the sealing question by addressing an identical note to all the maritime powers, inviting them to adhere to the agreement reched by the United States and Great Britain relative to the protection of the seal fisheries. This was made necessary by the award of the Paris arbitration, which found the United States had no exclusive jurisdiction over the seal waters and that these could be protected only by mutual agreement. By the terms of the treaty submitting her case to arbitration Great Britain was bound to agree to the arrangement as to the closed seasons and closed zones imposed by the arbitration tribunal. This, of course, could have no effect upon other nations, and vessels sailing under the flag of Germany, France, Russia, Sweden, or even Hawaii, were left by the award to prey upon the seals anywhere outside of the three mile limit from the Alaskan shores and islands.

To meet this the tribunal recommended that an effort be made to secure the adhesion of other powers to the same arrangements that bound Great Britain and the United States. There were indications that certain enterprising merchants were making ready to conduct a raid on the seals under other flags than our own and Great Britain, notably the Hawaiian and German flags, and it was felt to be the only provident course to avoid any disagreeable incidents in the future to invite the adhesion of the remaining maritime nations to the agreement.

Malarial and other atmospheric influences are best counteracted by keeping the blood pure and vigorous with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. A little caution in this respect may prevent serious illness at this season. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best all-the-year-round medicine in existence.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully

MERIT
The best evidence of high grade merit is in continued and increased demand.
MASTIFF
PLUG CUT
has had a more rapid growth of sales than was ever accorded a new brand of smoking tobacco in a similar time.

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO.,
Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

WELLINGTON COAL YARD.

RATTRAY & HALL,

Sole Agents R. Dunsmuir & Sons' Wellington Coal.

Special Rates for Carload Lots.

OFFICES: 100 Government Street and 24 Store Street. Telephone No. 83.

Orders Must be Accompanied by Cash

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.
VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
123 Government Street.
Private entrance for Pandora Street.
Business strictly confidential.

NAVAL CONTRACTS

Tenders will be received here on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Saturday, the 25th August instant, for supplying such quantities of fresh beef, mutton, vegetables, soft bread, biscuit, sugar, tea, flour, salt beef, milk, butter, eggs, fowls, firewood, lime, coffins and digging graves, as may be required for naval purposes.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be obtained at this office.

T. SYDNEY DOBBIN,
Acting Naval Storekeeper.
Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, August 3, 1894.

Notice to Shipbuilders.

Tenders will be received here until noon of Saturday, the 25th August instant, for building a decked scow 32 feet by 22 feet, according to specifications which can be seen on application to the carpenter of the yard.

Tenders to be addressed to the Naval Storekeeper and endorsed "Tender for building scow."

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

T. SYDNEY DOBBIN,
Acting Naval Storekeeper, etc.
Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, August 10, 1894.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to sections 12 and 20 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-law, 1894," which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In Central Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays, and

In South Ward, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore specified there shall be charged fifty cents additional for each infraction.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., June 15th, 1894.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plumerfelt, Gorge Road.

Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

GEO. KOENIG,
my28-4m Proprietor.

DO YOU WANT

To get a situation
To hire help
To let a room
To let a house
To buy anything
To sell anything

Then Try a "Times Liner,"

ONE CENT

Per word each insertion.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

NOTICE.

Take notice that I shall apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting, to be held in and for the City of Victoria, for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by me for the Ship Inn Saloon, situate on portion of lot 199, Victoria City, on the east side of Wharf Street in the City of Victoria, to George Thomson, of Victoria, B.C., saloon-keeper.

Dated this 30th day of July, 1894.

ROSS J. FERGUSON.
aug1-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Robert Dudgeon of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Telegraph Hotel," situate upon the east side of Store street in the city of Victoria.

J. MERIFIELD.
Victoria, B. C., 14th July, 1894.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Thomas Potter of the license now held by the undersigned to sell spirituous and fermented liquor by retail upon the premises known as the Lion Brewery Saloon, situate at the corner of Chambers street and Queen's avenue, in the City of Victoria.

W. MONTIETH,
Official Administrator.
Administering the estate of Geo. Fairbrother, deceased, intestate. aug8-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I shall apply for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the Hotel Victoria, Government street, to William Wilson.

P. T. PATTON.
Victoria, B. C., August 9th, 1894.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that by deed dated the 6th day of August, A.D. 1894, and executed by all parties thereto on that date, Arthur James Rowbotham, of the City of Victoria, British Columbia, grocer, assigned all his real and personal property (save as therein mentioned) to Thomas Earle of the said City of Victoria, merchant, in trust for the benefit of all his creditors.

Said deed was executed by the said parties and the trusts undertaken by the said Thomas Earle on the 6th day of August instant.

All persons indebted to the said Arthur James Rowbotham are required to pay such indebtedness forwith to the said trustee, and every person having any claim against the said Arthur James Rowbotham is to send proof of such claim, with full particulars, to the said trustee within one month from this date, after which date the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate, having regard only to such claims as may have been sent in.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the trustee on the 21st day of August, 1894, at 2:30 p.m.

Dated this 6th day of August, 1894.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the Trustee above named.

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing

JOHN DODD,
jel-tf-d&w Nanaimo, B. C.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

THE STRENGTH OF METALS.

A Comparison of the Strength of Various Metals with Steel.

The utmost strength for a given weight is requisite in many kinds of construction, but is especially important in building flying machines, says Iron Age. Professor Robert H. Thurston, in the March Aeronautics, discusses various materials with this special object in view, but makes comparisons of interest to other lines of engineering.

At the outset he gives the following generally accepted figures: Cast iron weighs 444 pounds to the cubic foot, and an inch square bar will sustain a weight of 16,500 pounds; bronze—weight, 525 pounds, tenacity, 36,000; wrought iron—weight, 480, tenacity, 50,000; hard "struck" steel—weight, 490, tenacity, 78,000; aluminum—weight, 168, tenacity, 26,000. We are accustomed to think of metals as being stronger than wood; so they are, generally speaking, if only pieces of the same size be tested. But let equal weights of the two materials be compared, and it will be found that several varieties of wood will prove stouter than ordinary steel. A bar of pine just as heavy as but no heavier than a bar of steel an inch square will hold up 125,000 pounds, the best ash, 175,000 pounds, and some hemlock, 200,000. Wood, however, is bulky. It occupies ten or twelve times the space of steel; and for a machine which is to move rapidly through the air, skin friction and the resistance of cross-section require that the material shall be used that is as compact as possible. Hence, wood is out of the question after all.

The best steel castings made for the United States navy have a tenacity of from 65,000 to 75,000 pounds to the square inch. Whitworth, by solidifying such castings under great pressure, got a tensile strength of 80,000 to 150,000. By "drop forging," no doubt, this can soon be paralleled. We now get still greater strength in small pieces. The best tool steel, from ingots, is far superior to ordinary steel castings and forgings in this respect, and fine steel wires and ribbons give a tenacity of 300,000 pounds to the square inch of cross section.

Ordinary aluminum is only one-third as heavy as steel, and a bar of the form of, with a cross section of three square inches, would hold up 78,000 pounds, and that is as much as one inch of good steel would do. It has, however, to a less degree, the same objection offered to wood, namely, that it is more bulky and would offer more resistance to the air than steel. Various alloys have been made in which aluminum is the chief ingredient, securing increased strength without materially adding to the weight.

CANADIAN NEWS.

News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

A Telegram cable says that Sir Chas. Tupper is seriously ill at Chester.

The wife of Henry E. J. Fetkin, Toronto, has presented her husband with triplets.

Prof. Davidson, a well known musician of Peterboro, Ont., has been killed by an electric car.

Sergeant Murphy, a prominent member of the Montreal police force and at one time a leading detective, is dead.

Hon. J. S. Hall, provincial treasurer, Quebec, has resigned his portfolio, and his resignation has been accepted by the premier.

The Catholic ratepayers of Winnipeg have taken steps to support schools by voluntary subscriptions. A large meeting, with this object in view, has been held.

Hon. Mr. Laurier has left Toronto for Winnipeg accompanied by Madame Laurier, Mr. and Mrs. Gibson, and Messrs. Fisher, Sutherland, Choquette and Mulock.

Prince Galitzen, a relative of the Czar of Russia, has arrived at Winnipeg en route to Vancouver. A reception in his honor was given by Lieut.-Governor Schultz.

Hon. Mr. Angers, minister of agriculture, is reported on good authority to have been named judge of the Dominion supreme court in place of Mr. Justice Fournier, who will resign shortly.

The Wiarton, Ont., town council has passed a resolution providing that ladies attending public entertainments shall either go bareheaded or with opera caps, so as not to obstruct the view of those sitting behind.

The centenary celebration of St. Andrew's church, Niagara, Ont., took place on the 18th. The church was beautifully decorated with flowers. During the afternoon services Prof. Mowat, of Queen's University, unveiled a commemoration tablet. An historical paper by Miss Carnochan was read and reminiscent addresses were made by Revs. S. Campbell, Bell and McYoung, of Toronto. Among those present were Premier Mowat, Hon. Beverley Robinson, and representatives of many former pastors and members of the church in bygone times. In the evening the premier read an interesting paper on Niagara in the early years and dealt with early education and Presbyterianism in Canada. Mr. Robinson and Professor Gregg also delivered interesting addresses.

LIFE AT RIDEAU HALL.

Where Jack Seems to Have as Good a Time as His Master.

Who would not be a domestic servant at Rideau hall just now? It is, of course, pure fiction to say, as some have done, that their excellencies give up their drawing room to the servants once a week, and also dine with their entire household. But it is a fact that the Haddo club, which includes Lord and Lady Aberdeen and every member of the household, down to the humblest of the servants, holds classes in the evenings from 6 to 7.30 two or three times a week in wood carving, French, painting, singing and needlework. Mr. Gordon, the military secretary, and Mrs. Gordon are the instructors in the art of wood carving. Lady Aberdeen herself superintends the sewing class, and the singing is conducted by Miss Wettermann, Lady Marjorie's governess, and consists of glees and pretty cantatas. Every Thursday evening an entertainment is given in the drawing room, generally a concert. Perhaps the most enjoyed of these entertainments was one when "David Copperfield" was presented, with Lord Aberdeen as the ever sanguine Micawber, waiting for "something to turn up," and Lady Aberdeen as the good-natured Peggotty, Lady Marjorie Gordon as Aunt Betsey, the Hon. Dudley Gordon as Mr. Dick, while David Copperfield fell to the Hon. Archie Gordon.—Canadian Gazette.

HARD TO SINK.

A Derelict That Defied the Ram of the Atlanta.

On July 20th last the schooner Golden Rule was cut to the water's edge by the steamer Chattahoochee, which took off her crew of seven men and one passenger. She was then off South Nantucket shoals, from Ponce for Boston, with molasses.

Since that time the wrecked schooner has been floating about on the coast, forming a danger to navigation, and the United States cruiser Atlanta, Captain J. R. Bartlett, was sent out to search for and destroy the wreck.

On August 4th the Atlanta arrived at Newport. Her bow presents a much marred appearance, the white paint being scraped off in streaks where she rammed the floating wreck of the Golden Rule, about twenty-five miles southeast of the New South Shoal light. She sighted the wreck, bottom up, about 100 feet off her course. It had the appearance of being anchored by the bow, and was a dangerous obstruction to navigation. The Atlanta was cleared for action and a couple of broadsides fired at the derelict, but the shot went clear through the hull without doing much damage.

Having no torpedoes on board, Captain Bartlett decided to try the ramming tactics. First a light blow was delivered at the stern to see what condition the vessel was in. She was found to be practically new, but gave way very readily to the ram. Another blow was made upon her quarters to learn what her cargo consisted of, and it proved to be empty barrels. Next the Atlanta drew off and approached the schooner at full speed, striking her amidships. The schooner was so light and the ram so deep that she was thrown away from the Atlanta and righted, though the blow cut a gash half through her. A second ram was made and the schooner was cut in two. The Atlanta's engines were disabled, being in poor condition, and the warship was obliged to withdraw under sail, while the stern post of the schooner drifted off toward George's Banks, and the bow still remained anchored. Captain Bartlett would have destroyed the whole craft if possible, but the crippled condition of his vessel prevented. About two hours were consumed in the work.

The net results appear to be that there are now two floating wrecks instead of one. The problem how to build an unsinkable ship appears to have been realized in the case of the Golden Rule, and perhaps naval architects may derive useful hints from the example. Something practical seems to have been learned concerning the Atlanta as a ram, which is that her engines are not suited for the work. We have examples of passenger steamers going at full speed against solid icebergs, the result being damage to bows but not to machinery.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Orders for changes in the reading of advertisements must be handed in to the Times office before 10 a.m. to insure insertion the same day. New advertisements, displayed, will be received up to 3 p.m. and small ads. until 4 p.m. Merchants and other patrons will aid us a great deal by observing these rules, as the work of re-setting requires time and care, and cannot be done satisfactorily when the paper is being prepared for press.

Argyle House.

OUR SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR THE MONTH OF AUGUST

All single width Dress Goods still at cost price.
Challies reduced from 25c to 20c a yard.
Challies reduced from 20c to 15c a yard.
English Sateens from 25c to 20c a yard.
Ladies' Wool Jerseys at cost price.
Fourteen yards Canton Flannel for $1.
Lace Curtains at 50c a pair.
Ladies' Belts still at cost price.
One case more of those Double Width Serges, so good for children's school dresses, at 25c a yard.
White Calico, 5c a yard.
Unbleached Calico, 5c a yard.

A Large Quantity of Remnants at Prices Which Make Them all Bargains.

J. Horner & Co.

83 DOUGLAS STREET.

THE . . . .

WORLD'S NEWS

FOR TWO DOLLARS.

The WEEKLY TIMES is an epitome of the affairs of the world, telling its news concisely and fully presenting every important local, national or international event truthfully and impartially. It is a weekly visitor which brings the world and its doings at your door, and its cost is but two dollars for the entire year.

THE WEEKLY TIMES,

Liberal in politics, independent in its principles, it treats the living issues of the day impartially, fearlessly and truthfully. It is of the people and for the people, and it talks to the people with honest candor, seeking to set all aright on matters of local or national importance.

It Gives You the News

It tells the news, all the news, and nothing but the news. It tells the news truthfully and fairly. The WEEKLY TIMES is a pure newspaper. Bright without sensationalism; newsy without resort to questionable padding.

Tells You the Markets

It tells you the markets accurately. A careful weekly compilation of current prices for the local and national markets. It furnishes market news upon which you may deal with safety. Its market reports are alone worth the price of subscription.

Tells Your Family Bright Stories

The WEEKLY TIMES has literary departments for the women folks. It has bright bits of verse, interesting stories, tales of life; tells of woman's work and what the gentler sex is doing. Above all, the WEEKLY TIMES is a live newspaper, made for home fireside reading.

TIMES P. & P. CO.,

VICTORIA, B. C.

RUPTURE More CURES by Dr. Sherman than all others combined. Noted by my Truss with perfect ease to wear, than by all other devices combined. They retain the worst Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome **DEFORMITY**. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 194 King St. W., Toronto.

Real Estate.

TO Lease—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stables, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, postoffice, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within one and two miles. Price $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH; Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly, $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station.

Trafalgar Institute.

(Affiliated to McGill University.)

No. 33 Simpson Street, Montreal.

— FOR THE —

Higher Education OF Young Women

With preparatory department for girls between 10 and 14.
President, Rev. James Barclay, D.D.
Vice-President, Mr. A. T. Drummond.
Principal, Miss Grace Fairley, M.A., Edinburgh.

The institute will re-open with an efficient staff of twelve resident and visiting teachers, on

Tuesday, 11th September 1894.

The Institute buildings are situated on the mountain side overlooking the City. The spacious grounds are attractively laid out and the surroundings are not only beautiful but very healthful.

For copy of Prospectus and other information apply to the principal, at the Institute, or to

A. F. Riddell, Secretary, 22 St. John St., Montreal.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the estate of Annie Cox, deceased, and in the Matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Crease bearing date the 18th day of August, A.D. 1894, I was appointed administrator of all and singular the personal estate, chattels and credits of Annie Cox, late of the City of Victoria, deceased.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 18th day of September, A.D. 1894, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

WM. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

aug21-1w

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders are required for the excavation and laying of pipes to connect with sewers. Also for plumbing and carpenter work. Tenders to be sent to the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock, August 25th, at whose office plans may be seen. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. J. PENDRAY,
25 Humboldt Street.

aug20-6t

W. J. STODDART,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler

New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice on premises at very low figures.

Canada

. . SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT . .

Owing to the absence of so many upon holidays and the dullness of trade during the hot summer months, the publishers of the Art Portfolio of Canada (which has been announced for some weeks back in these columns) have decided upon suspending publication until September 15th next.

Parts one to eight can be had upon application.

Number nine will appear September 15th and one part each week thereafter until series is completed.

Canada is a perfect gem and should have a place in every Canadian household.

Use the Victoria Times Want Columns.

Moderate Cost, Amazing Results.

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Lot I of Section II, Beckley Farm, (Map 231) Victoria City.

Whereas the certificate of title of Catherine Hotz to the above hereditaments bearing date the 19th day of May, 1891, has been lost or destroyed and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate. Notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within one month from the date hereof. S. Y. WOOTTON, Deputy Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, 16th August, 1894.

a17-1m

NO. 233.

A BY-LAW

To Authorise a Certain Expenditure.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

1. In addition to the amounts mentioned in By-law 221, entitled the "Municipal Revenue By-law, 1894," it shall be lawful for the treasurer to pay, from time to time, the amounts which become necessary for the service mentioned in the statements lettered A and C in the Schedule hereto annexed.

2. It shall be lawful for the treasurer to pay such sums of money as may be authorised from time to time by resolution of the Council of the Corporation, as are set forth in requisitions which have been properly recommended and approved, and for which warrants have been authorised by the Council to be issued for the services mentioned in the statements lettered D, E and G, and votes 19, 21, 23, 25, 26, 32, 41 and 59, respectively, hereto annexed: Provided that before making the payment the auditor has marked his initials against the total amount of the voucher to certify to its correctness, and that the Council have authorized the payment, and that the sums paid and authorized are not in each case in the aggregate in excess of the sum named in the above votes and statements.

3. This By-law may be cited as the "Municipal Expenditure By-law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 30th day of July, 1894.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 6th day of August, 1894.

(L.S.) JNO. TEAGUE,
Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

I.—CITY DEBT.

No. of Vote.	Statement "A."		Total.
	INTEREST.		
1	6 months' interest on Electric Light By-law, 1894, payable 1st November, $55,000, 4½ per cent		$1,237 50
	SINKING FUNDS.		
2	Semi-annual payment, Electric Lighting By-law, 1894	$150 00	
	Quarterly Payments—		
	Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital Aid By-law, 1894	97 00	
	Exhibition Loan By-law, 1894	41 00	
	Sewerage Loan By-law, 1894	164 00	
			442 00
			$1,679 50

III.—CIVIC SALARIES.

No. of Vote.	Statement "C."	Total.
	STREET LIGHTING.	
17	Lamp Cleaner 2 months @ $60	$120 00

IV.—CITY INSTITUTIONS (Maintenance).

No. of Vote.	Statement "D."		Total.
	CEMETERY.		
19	For all purposes		$ 100 00
	PARK.		
21	For all purposes		150 00
	FIRE DEPARTMENT.		
23	Repairs	$300 00	
	Furniture and Bedding	50 00	
			350 00
	STREET LIGHTING.		
25	For all purposes		1,000 00
	HOME FOR AGED AND INFIRM.		
26	Provisions	$500 00	
	Fuel	150 00	
	Sundries	150 00	
			800 00
			$2,400 00

V.—BUILDINGS AND SURVEYS.

No. of Vote.	Statement "E."	Total.
	FIRE DEPARTMENT.	
32	Buildings	600 00

VII.—MISCELLANEOUS.

No. of Vote.	Statement "G."	Total.
41	Stationery	$ 400 00
59	Miscellaneous, not detailed	1,000 00
	Total	$1,400 00

NO. 234.

A BY-LAW

To Amend the Revenue By-law, 1893.

Be it enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. Section 7 of the Revenue By-Law, 1893, is hereby repealed and the following section is hereby substituted therefor and shall form part of the said by-law.

7. The procedure for enforcing sections 2 and 3 of this by-law and the schedule referred to therein shall be those prescribed by the Municipal Act, 1892. In all other cases every person who is guilty of an infraction of any of the provisions of this by-law shall, upon conviction thereof in a summary manner before the police magistrate or any two justices of the peace having jurisdiction in the said city, be liable for every such offence, and shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars and costs, and if such penalty and costs be not paid either immediately or within such period as such police magistrate or justices may appoint, the same may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, and in default of sufficient distress the offender may be imprisoned with or without hard labor for any term not exceeding three calendar months unless such costs and penalty be sooner paid."

This by-law may be cited as the "Revenue By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 24th day of July, 1894.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 30th day of July, 1894.

(L.S.) JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 30th day of July, A.D. 1894, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard on that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 100 Johnson Street. Telephone 132; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence 34 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul2-tf

MUSICAL.

MISS A. FOX
Has resumed music teaching at 36 Mason street.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society is Musgrave Block, Broad street. Open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver, No. 5935, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 7, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Tem.le, cor. Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
R. A. BROWN, Sec.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH,
Chapter, No. 127, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the 1st Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited.
R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday of every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 2, 3 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised and for which he is the sole licensee for B. C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

EDUCATIONAL.

MISS C. G. FOX
Re-opened her school August 13th.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.
The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.
First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.
Complete new Gymnasium, Chemical Laboratory, Lavatories, Dormitories, Dining Rooms, Dormitories, Bathing, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply
PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
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Autumn term begins MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th, 1894.

Gold and Silver Extraction.
The Cassel Gold Extracting Co., Ld., of Glasgow, (the MacArthur Forrest Cyanide Process),
Is prepared to negotiate with mine owners and others for the extraction of the above metals from the most refractory ores and to treat and report on samples up to one ton in weight sent to its EXPERIMENTAL WORKS, VANCOUVER.
All communications to be addressed to W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S., Assay and Mining Office, Vancouver B.C.
All kinds of assay, analytical and mining work undertaken. je21

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Clean Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
All guarantee six weeks for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Optician, 37 Fort Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE
Friday Evening, Aug. 24.
OPERETTA.
"Cupid Among the Flowers."
Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney.
ADMISSION, 50 Cts.; CHILDREN, 25 Cts.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Shetland Pony, Cart and Harness; remarkably handsome animal, very fast traveller, yet perfectly quiet and safe for children to ride or drive; price, $200 or what offers in useful exchange. Inquire of W. McKeon, jr., Oriental Hotel. aug18-6t

FOR SALE—Millinery and dressmaking business. Address 129 Douglas street. a17-8t

FOR SALE—The formulas for well known proprietory medicines, favorably known in the north-west of the United States and in the east, the rights to manufacture and sell in British America; none but responsible parties need answer. Address H. F. Smith, 739 B.R. Tacoma, Wash., U.S.A. a17-1m

FOR SALE—Caligraph typewriter No. 3 in excellent condition; a bargain for cash. Address "Caligraph," Times office. a17-tf

FOR SALE—Two story house, 5 rooms, on Frances ave., where Douglas street car passes. Price reduced from $1,500 to $850. Payable $10 cash and $12 month. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. aug10

FOR SALE—A good farm at South Saanich; 97 acres, of which 92 acres is good land; 11 acres under cultivation; 1-4 acre in strawberries; fine orchard of 160 trees; a good 7-roomed modern house, stable chicken house and barn. Price reduced to $3,150. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. aug10

FOR SALE—Several Thoroughbred English Pug Pups; also two thoroughbred Irish Setter Pups. Apply to W. McKeon, Oriental hotel. aug8-tf

FOR SALE—Several horses. Apply at 127 Douglas street. jly26-tf

TO LET.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET.—With or without board; large front room with fireplace; desirable location. Apply No. 6 Douglas street.

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET and housekeeping accommodation for a married couple. 63 Superior street. aug14-tf

WANTED—A house to rent at $15; must be situated near centre of city, or near car line. Send particulars to "Thomas," Times office. jy24

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—A small gold watch. Finder can return it to Times office. aug23-2t

LOST—A lady's coat on Queens avenue or Second street. Finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at 7 Pioneer street.

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR THE FALL—Tailor-made gowns, coats, cloaks; newest styles; moderate rates. 98 Yates street, over Cochrane & Munn's. aug23-1mo

WANTED—A quantity of clean cotton rags. Apply at the Times office.

STRAY BULL—Came to Lockerd Dairy, Burnside Road, a mouse colored bull with white face. If not claimed and expenses paid on or before September 1st, 1894, it will be sold to pay expenses. Evans & Hobbs. aug22-10t

LADIES INVESTIGATE De Lamonton Cutting School. Perfect system with or without seams easily learned. Lessons Free. Agents wanted. Room 73 Five Sisters Block. aug18-1mo

WANTED—Tenant or buyer for 8-roomed residence on Craigflower road, well built, large rooms, good garden, stables, etc.; boat landing on Gorge; no reasonable offer refused. Water front lot, nearly 1-2 acre, beautiful position, 65 feet fronting on Gorge. 2 lots on Craigflower road will be sold very cheap. Apply W. S. Smith, Sunnyside avenue, Craigflower road, Victoria West. a14-2w

A GOLD MINE in this adv. for you. Send at once. Your name neatly printed on 12 lovely cards (hidden name), 1 package comic acquaintance cards, dictionary of dreams, songs, recipes and sheet of scraps for 15 cents. Salem Card Co., Yarmouth, N. S. j28-1m

The Daily Times.

FRASER RELIEF.

The Chilliwack Progress is a paper friendly to the government, and it is published in the district affected by the Fraser floods, so that it is in a position to be wellinformed in regard to the prevalence of distress and the necessity of relief. It is therefore interesting to find the Progress speaking in this way:

A good deal has been written of late, and considerable cross-firing indulged in, on the point as to who should be held responsible for sending abroad word that British Columbia could supply all the relief that was needed to the sufferers by the Fraser overflow. It is unfortunate that such a statement should have gained currency; it is equally unfortunate and unseemly that any one should seek to convert it into political capital. The question of need is one that stares us in the face and affects the entire province. It is useless to wrangle over mistakes of judgment which doubtless were unintentional. Even though the rumor was designed, it only makes the practical question the harder to face, and the more energy put forth the more probability will there be of something being accomplished. It may, however, be a lesson to that class of boomsters who are ever representing everything pertaining to this province, and are afraid that the naked truth will place us in an unfavorable light before the eyes of others. To expect that either the government or the charitable public of this province can furnish the needful for the present and future months during which the aid must be given is to expect a thing most unreasonable; it would be a tax that most would not care to undertake. The difficulty, great as it may be, is not at the present time. Even though the fences should be all built, debris removed, ranches cleared and some provisions laid by, we must look ahead. The seed supplied the farmers for their second crop will not ripen. The most that can be looked for from it is feed for stock. Where is the seed to come from for next season's sowing? How are farmers and their families to be provisioned until returns come in from next season's crop? It is a long and anxious outlook to the average rancher. Since he sold last year's crop, until he reaps next year's harvest, he will have little or no income. The question of relief is therefore a pressing one, and the recent action of the Vancouver relief committee in appealing to the east will commend itself to all. There is no use trying to hide the fact that for the next twelve months much assistance will be needed in the Fraser valley.

We should not like to assume that the Progress is so poorly informed that it does not know who is "responsible for sending word abroad that British Columbia could supply all the relief that was needed to the sufferers by the Fraser overflow." It was Premier Davie who sent the word, and that gentleman has not made any attempt to shirk the responsibility. It must be supposed that the Progress was aware of the facts but did not care to offer a direct reflection on the premier's action. But with the facts supplied, it is easy to see how severely the Progress' remarks do reflect on the course taken by Mr. Davie. Moreover, if the Progress were to give its opinion on the failure of the government to afford the relief it undertook to afford, but which the Progress' statements show has not been furnished, the measure of its condemnation of the government would be still greater. Apart from the implied censure of the premier and his government, the testimony of the paper as to the need of relief is important, and the Colonist and World will be especially interested in its statements. Why is the government making no further move if it is able, as the premier alleged, to assist that is necessary?

CONFIRMATION.

The Vancouver organ of the government says: "It is reported that there is to be an earlier session of the legislature than usual. Considerable work has to be pushed through in connection with the construction of bridges and roads destroyed by the recent floods throughout the province, all of which will have to be rebuilt, and as many of these are costly structures, such, for instance, as the bridges across the Thompson river at Lytton and Ashcroft, and the want there being keenly felt, the earliest possible action is deemed imperative. For these a heavy expenditure will be necessary. There is abundance of money in the country, the government being daily besieged by representatives of financial institutions offering all the needful wanted for carrying out the work in contemplation at very low rates of interest, but the sanction of the house has to be obtained for some important items of expenditure not provided for. A howl may now be looked for on the part of the opposition yelpers because the administration is going to do its duty by sufferers from the roaring torrents that had control of them during the early spring." Which interpreted means that the government is extremely hard up and has exhausted all means of "raising the wind" within its reach in the absence of the authority of the legislature to float another loan. There is "abundance of money" in the province, but it happens to be located entirely outside of the treasury. Our readers will see at once that the World is saying practically what the Times has said in reference to the empty treasury, but in a more roundabout way. The elegance of the final sentence in the quotation is particularly commended to their attention, and we may say that the World is at liberty to regard our remarks as a "howl from an opposition yelper" if it so chooses, so long as it is good enough to admit the truth on its own part.

HON. C. F. FRASER'S DEATH.

The announcement of the sudden death of Hon. C. F. Fraser at Toronto will be received with sorrow by a great many people. It is only a few months since he retired from public office after a period of service reaching over twenty years, and what was then said of his official career need not now be repeated. Mr. Fraser was a man who commanded respect in both public and private life; not one of higher character, and few, if any, of greater ability, has Ontario ever had in her service. Political friend and foe will alike regret the abrupt termination of a life so useful.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A proposition has been submitted to the Winnipeg city council to supply the city with electric energy for motive power, lighting, heating, etc., in any quantity from five thousand to fifty thousand horse power. The offer is made by the company that is developing the water power at Rat Portage for the purpose of utilizing it in the generation of electricity. The intention is to transmit the energy to Winnipeg by a heavily insulated wire, and it is understand that the council will be asked to defer closing with any other power company until the merits of this project are fully considered.

The use of opium is generally considered vicious and degrading, but there are those who think differently. In India the stimulant is less objectionable than alcohol. A correspondent of the London Times writes: "Well may those who are responsible for the welfare of India dread a policy which would tend to spread the curse of alcoholism from the British soldier to the general population. The most careful European observers of the habits of the people believe that any prohibition of the use of opium would have this result. The Indian press is convinced of it. The natives of India have slowly selected for popular use the form of stimulant least harmful to the Indian peoples; a stimulant which does not act as a cause of crime, insanity or disease among them. The unwise interference of a number of well meaning people in England would practically substitute alcohol for opium—the firewater which is the chief cause of crime, misery and disease among the British nation, and which means absolute ruin to tropical races."

Mr. D. J. Munn's letter, which we reproduce to-day, is a forcible and unanswerable indictment of the Dominion government's manner of dealing with the canners. His quotation of the fisheries revenue and expenditure for the various provinces is particularly instructive, and the figures will doubtless come as a surprise to a very large majority of the people of British Columbia. What words can properly describe the stupidity which leads the Ottawa jack-in-office to hamper to the very point of closing down an industry so valuable to the country, even if they care nothing for the men whose capital is invested in it? There is unfortunately no ground for hope that Mr. Munn's ably written letter will convince the fat-witted directors of the fisheries department, but it will show clearly to every reasonable man who reads it that a serious injury is very likely to be done to this province, as well as to the canners, if a more enlightened body of men do not soon gain control of Dominion affairs.

A Stratford, Ont., dispatch says: At the union picnic of various Protestant societies of the city here yesterday, Rev. J. C. Madill, president of the Canadian Protective Association, delivered a stirring address, in which he stated that at the next Dominion election Sir John Thompson would be taught a lesson. Madill declared Thompson was not premier by the wish of the people. It was Sir John A. Macdonald who carried the country, and Sir John Thompson was merely filling in his time. Thompson could not be elected as Papist or Jesuit, and no Papist or Jesuit would be allowed to rule at Ottawa. Before they would submit to that they would fight Derry over again and give them a taste of the Boyne. He further declared that the P. P. A. really held the balance of power in the Ontario legislature and could prevent the passage of any Romish legislation." This must have been a "stirring" address indeed—stirring up bigotry, malice, hatred and all sorts of ugly feelings. It would be a great misfortune if firebrands of the Rev. Madill's class should gain any control over Canadian politics. Ontario Conservatives, however, encouraged Mr. Madill and his precious organization as helpers against Mowat, and they can only regard it as a just measure of retribution if they find they have nursed an enemy to their own hurt.

NEW CONSUL ARRIVES.

General Roberts, the Representative of the United States is Here.

General W. P. Roberts, the new U. S. consul at Victoria, arrived here last night from his home, Gatesville, N. C., accompanied by Mrs. Roberts and child, and M. R. Eure of Gatesville, who is to be vice-consul and secretary to the consul. The party came west over the C. P. R., and on arrival took quarters at the Driard. The general is a Southern gentleman, of splendid physique, and is courteous and entertaining in his manner. He won his military title in the late war, being a cavalry leader in the Confederate army and reaching the position of brigadier-general at the age of 23. After the war he took a prominent part in politics, and was elected to several important posts. He has been a Democrat all his life, and the appointment is a fitting recognition of his services to the party. He has already begun to familiarize himself with the duties of the office, and will take it over on September 1. Mr. Eure, who is to be associated with him, is a very pleasant young gentleman, who with the general will win popularity here.

Ex-Consul Myers, in retiring from an office which he has held for four and a half years, will carry with him the respect and confidence of all our citizens. As the representative of his government he has been courteous and painstaking in every official act, while as a private citizen—as one who identified himself with the interests of the city, which he sought to further in every way in his power—he has always shown himself to be earnest and sincere. Mr. Myers' future movements are uncertain. He will visit his old home in Iowa in the course of a few weeks, his family remaining in Victoria, and in all probability he will return here to remain for a year or two. He feels, he says, that he would not like to leave Victoria. To a Times representative Mr. Myers to-day paid this compliment to our city:

"I want to put a feather in Victoria's cap which she is entitled to proudly wear. When I was appointed consul to this city and province there were over five hundered applicants for the place and under the present administration at Washington I understand there were over three thousand applicants, more, in fact, than for any other consulship in the gift of the American government. That is the feather I refer to. It is a high compliment to Victoria, as it shows the estimation in which it is held as a business and as a residence place, by the people of the United States. It must be for these reasons that it is so vigorously sought, for the salary is not large and money-making in connection with this office cannot be the chief motive."

THE LIQUOR CASE.

The Bank Exchange Proprietor Convicted and Fined $30.

In the city police court this morning Magistrate Macrae rendered his decision in the case of G. C. Sauer, proprietor of the Bank Exchange, charged with selling liquor in prohibited hours. He found the defendant guilty and imposed a fine of $30 and $2 costs added. The court stated that it had not been shown that a meal had been served, and expressed the opinion that nothing that any other saloon in the city could not do, had been done at the Bank Exchange on the occasion in question. It is believed the case will be appealed to the supreme court by S. Perry Mills, solicitor for the defendant, and that steps in that direction will be taken immediately.

The decision of the magistrate was delivered as follows:

In the case of Mr. G. C. Sauer, the holder of a retail Liquor license, in respect of the premises known as the Bank Exchange saloon, is charged with having unlawfully disposed of certain liquor, to wit, a mug of beer, before 1 o'clock a.m. on Monday, the 13th instant, in his licensed premises contrary to the Liquor License Regulation Act, 1891.

For the prosecution, the sergeant of police who had laid the information, and the customer to whom the beer was alleged to have been sold, was called, and the city treasurer gave formal evidence. No witness was called for the defence, nor did the defendant himself give evidence. It appears that in connection with his saloon the defendant keeps a restaurant which is open at all hours of the day and night. That pieces of cracker and cheese and cold meat are always to be found on a table in the bar room by day and night and that except during the prohibited hours any purchaser of liquor at the bar is at liberty to avail himself without additional charge of the provisions on such table, that during the prohibited period and—so far as the evidence, which was uncontradicted, went—only during such period, plates containing small pieces of cracker and cheese are placed on tables in the room behind the bar room; that, when necessary, Sunday customers are notified by the defendant or one of his bar tenders that during prohibited hours liquors are supplied with meals, and that the habitues of the house understand that to get liquor on Sunday they must—in the words of a not unfriendly witness—"eat something;" that on Sundays liquor is supplied not to the bar room but in the room behind it, and that a plate of broken crackers and cheese is served with the liquor without being ordered, and that some partake of the cracker and some do not.

It was proved and in fact admitted by the defendant that at the time and place charged in the information a customer ordered a mug of beer and nothing else, before 1 o'clock a.m., and that the beer was brought to him by a bar tender, who also placed a plate of broken crackers and cheese on the chair beside him. It was also proved that the customer drank and paid for the beer and that during the half hour or more which he occupied in playing whist, he twice put pieces of cracker and cheese in his mouth. The same customer admitted that he had obtained liquor at least twice in the defendant's premises on the preceding Sunday—"with lunch" at 3:30 o'clock, and "dinner" at 4:30 o'clock.

For the defence it was contended—and this was the only serious contention—that the said cracker and cheese in whatever quantity, and weather eaten or not, constituted "a meal" within the meaning of the act.

I am not called upon to define the meaning of these words. It appears to me sufficient to say that on the evidence I am forced to the conclusion that the admirable and well-understood rule of the house that during prohibited hours liquor would be supplied with meals only, and the display of minute pieces of cracker and cheese were intended to hide the real object of the defendant—to evade, if possible, the prohibitory section of the act.

I convict the defendant of the offence as charged, adjudge him to pay a fine of thirty dollars and two dollars costs, and in default of payment or sufficient distress, to be imprisoned for the term of two months.

(Signed.)
FARQUHAR MACRAE, P. M.
Victoria, August 24th, 1894.

CITY DEBENTURES.

To the Editor: Can you inform the interested public as to why the money is not yet forthcoming for the sale of the debentures in the matter of the agricultural society and Jubilee hospital loans? We were led to believe that a "highly respectable firm" in Montreal had been the successful tenderers; if so, surely a "highly respectable" time has elapsed since the first of the month to hear something of the cash. If you cannot inform us, probably our worthy city officials may explain the cause of delay, and if they don't know, it is about time they did.

QUERIST.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns,
Corns, Bruises,
Chilblains, Bunions,
Cracks between the Toes,
Scalds, Piles,
Swellings, Ulcers,
Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples,
Rheumatism, Pustules,
Caked Breasts, Eruptions,
Diseased Tendons,
Contracted Muscles,
And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B. C.

To the Electors: See Our Special Line of WALL PAPERS, then vote. J. W. MELLOR, Fort Street, Above Douglas.

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—Oil stoves at McLennan & McFeely's.

—The Fraser canners are said to have put up a three-quarter pack so far.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Amity lodge, No. 27, I. O. O. F., has been incorporated under the benevolent societies act.

—The date of the court of assize at Richfield has been changed from Sept. 29 to Sept. 10.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—At an open meeting to be held on Saturday evening at Odd Fellows' hall on Douglas treet the proposition of forming a new I. O. O. F. lodge will be discussed.

—It has been decided to defer the holding of the Chilliwack agricultural exhibition till the 16th, 17th and 18th of October, so as not to clash with the Victoria exhibition.

—Miss Emma Lahn and James L. Sharp, of Seattle, were united in marriage on Thursday by Rev. Dr. Campbell, of the First Presbyterian church, at the manse on Pandora street.

—Some changes are being made in the switch board at the central telephone office, and all subscribers numbering from 401 to 550 inclusive will be disconnected for two hours from 8 o'clock this evening.

—William Godfrey has the contract for building the new gasometer at Nanaimo. Work on it was commenced several days ago, and the Victoria Iron Works has the contract for the cast iron machine work.

—The case of W. R. Jackson was called in police court again to-day, and by mutual consent adjourned until August 28. The McDonnell case, set for further hearing to-morrow, will very likely be remanded as well.

—It is announced by Fairplay, an authority on shipping matters, that the C. P. N. Co., of this city, have placed orders with Fleming & Ferguson, of Paisley, Scotland, for two 160 foot steel steamers with twin screws.

—The directors of the A. O. U. W. building association met yesterday morning and passed a number of accounts. It was stated that the bulding would be taken over on October 1, and it was decided to give a reception and ball during election week.

—The Gazette contains notice that there will be an examination of candidates for the position of official scalers of logs at Vancouver on September 18th. Four are to be appointed, and the examiners are: R. H. H. Alexander, W. H. Chase and William McPherson.

—H. M. S. Satellite left this morning for Comox, carrying with her the mail for H. M. S. Royal Arthur. They will return on Monday morning, as the admiral and some of the officers desire to see Lord Randolph Churchill before that gentleman's departure for the Orient.

—The New Denver Theatre company, limited, has been incorporated with a capital stock of $6000, divided into $5 shares. The first trustees are: S. M. Wharton, R. B. Kerr, C. S. Rashdall, R. G. Henderson, A. D. McGillivray, William Tomlinson and Murodch McLean.

—The Gazette of this week contains a call for tenders for the construction of a 660 foot bridge across the Thompson river at Ashcroft. The bridge is to have two Pratt truss combination spans of 200 feet each. The tenders will be received up to October 13, and the conditions which govern the call are the usual ones.

—Mrs. Sullivan died at Vancouver on Thursday morning of heart failure. The deceased lady was one of the first of her sex to come to this province, having arrived here in '59 on the historic steamer Beaver. She also crossed the Isthmus of Panama on a mule before the railway was constructed. The deceased lady was in her 76th year.

—T. J. Myers, advance representative of the Kingston company, known as "Friends," is in the city, having arrived last night on the Kingston. Mr. Myers has made all arrangements for the appearance of his company at the Victoria theatre on Wednesday and Thursday evenings, August 29th and 30th. Both the play and the notable company presenting it have won considerable praise from dramatic critics of celebrity, and the initial appearance here promises to be one of the dramatic events of the season.

—Seven fires, some of them serious, have occurred since Saturday night. The last one occurred last night, an alarm being sent in from Victoria West at 11:15. The fire was in a two-story frame residence on Russell street belonging to Ewen Morrison, which, with the contents, was completely destroyed, the loss being about $5000, with $4500 insurance. Mr. W. Losee, who lives in the house, was retiring when a lamp exploded. He tried to smother the flames with a blanket, but they got beyond his control, and he ran to the E. & N. railway round house and telephoned for the fire department. When Mr. Losee returned to the house it was enveloped in flames, and when the fire department reached there it was impossible to save anything but the adjoining property, one residence being within 25 feet of the burning building. Immense sparks were flying around, endangering property in the neighborhood. The house was insured for $2500 in the Caledonian company, the furniture for $1100 and the wearing apparel for $400 in the Eastern. On the way to the fire the chemical engine was driven into a deep ditch that could not be seen in the dark. It was not badly damaged.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Carter house billiard and pool parlors, Duck building, Broad street. tf

—Joseph Wilson, jr., has been appointed to appraise the damage done to J. Marymont's stock by fire.

—Despite the prosecutions in the police court it is said that the white fan tan games in Chinatown go merrily on.

—Edward E. Penn, Canadian Pacific agent at Port Townsend, was married at Toronto on Tuesday to Miss Victoria Marsh.

—You often break a dish you would like to mend—then buy "Instant" Crockery Mender. 25 cents per bottle, at Weiler Bros.

—J. T. Burrows, whose tailoring establishment was damaged by fire on Saturday night, has settled with the insurance company for $25.

—John Braden has returned from the interior of the Island, where he went in search of a vein of gold quartz. He says he found what he went to look for, but just what that "what" is he does not say. He will make another trip shortly.

—Several of the Fraser river canneries have closed for the season, thinking, presumably, that the run is practically over. Thoroughly experienced men, however, still look for a big run of sockeyes yet to come, as the roe in those that have passed up seemed very young and immature. Other indications also point in the same direction.

—The citizens' committee of New Westminster have asked the Victoria lacrosse club to play an exhibition game during the agricultural fair celebration in that city. As the management of the Victoria exhibition desire to have a game played here it is probable that matches will be arranged between the two clubs on the occasion of the respective exhibitions.

—Dr. Hamilton, the veterinary surgeon, met with a very painful accident this morning. He was attending to a horse belonging to J. H. Baker, which had its tongue cut, when the animal bit his hand, snapping off the nail and top of the middle finger of his left hand. The wound was a most painful one, and the doctor's finger will very likely be permanently disfigured.

—Captain Thomas of the Salvation Army arrived in the city yesterday. She has been appointed to the command of the Victoria corps. Adjutant and Mrs. Archibald returned yesterday from the Mainland. They will lead special meetings on Saturday and Sunday. The Harvest Festival meetings are on for September 1st, 2nd and 3rd. The local corps is making a special effort on this occasion.

—At a meeting of a number of young men held yesterday afternoon at the office of Powell & Lampman a committee was named to take charge of the minstrel show to be given under the auspices of the Victoria lacrosse club. The members of the committee are Norman Macaulay, Louis Garesche, George E. Powell, Frank Higgins, Martin J. Eagan, Gould Wilson and A. J. Dallain. Mr. Powell was made secretary, and it was decided to hold another meeting this afternoon.

—The operetta "Cupid Among the Flowers," will be presented at the Victoria theatre this evening. There are eighty children in the piece, and all have been carefully trained. The cast of characters is as follows:

Fairy Queen ..... Mabel Lyons
White Rose and Queen of the Night.... ..... Miss Emma Johnson
Flora, Goddess of Flowers..... ..... Miss Emma Casad
Yellow Rose ..... Miss L. Lyons
King of the Leaves and Cupid's Friend. ..... Little Sam Johnson
Captain Starlight, of the Elves..... ..... Master I. Cohen

—The Columbia Mining Co., a corporation recently organized in this city, has purchased a section of 640 acres opposite Yale, B. C., for $28,000, and will immediately begin operations to put water on the ground for hydraulic mining. It is proposed to carry water across the Fraser on a wire suspension bridge at an expenditure of $50,000. The company's office will be located in this city, and the incorporators are F. W. Ladd, W. H. Flett and Timothy O'Connor, of Merrill, Wis., and T. A. Dereg, of this city.—Seattle P.-I.

—An entertainment is being arranged for September 29th and 30th to be given in the Victoria theatre. The central figure will be Miss Johnson who has been attracting so much attention all over England as well as the eastern provinces. Miss Johnson is the daughter of the chief of the Mohawks while her mother was Emily S. Howell, an English lady of an eminent literary family. Miss Johnson is a great poetess as well as orator. She will be assisted in Victoria by Mr. Owen A. Smiley, a very popular impersonator. With these two attractions the entertainment cannot fail to be one of the most popular Victorians have seen.

—The programme for the reception of Hon. Mr. Laurier and party at Vancouver is as follows: On arrival from Nanaimo on the 13th the band will escort the party to the Hotel Vancouver, where the civic address will be presented. In the afternoon and evening mass meetings will be held, if the weather is fine on the lawn opposite the Hotel Vancouver, which will be illuminated and decorated for the occasion, if not in a public hall. On Friday the party will be the guests of their New Westminster supporters. On Saturday they will return to Vancouver, will be met at the tramway depot and driven around the park and city. In the afternoon a reception will be held from 3 to 5 o'clock in th Hotel Vancouver parlors. Music will be provided and light refreshments served. Delegations to confer with the Hon. Mr. Laurier will have an opportunity after 5 o'clock. The evening will be devoted to organization in a hall to be hereafter named.

"CORONAS," $4 per doz.
Former price $7, and a large
"CRAYON," $1.00.
"Coronas are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Skene Lowe, 63 Government street.

—Solid as a rock is the dish that is mended with "Instant" Crockery Mender. Only two bits a bottle at Weiler Bros.

—There will be no meeting of the sports and games committee as was proposed. The meeting will be held after the meeting of the finance committee.

—Last evening a very pleasant time was spent in Harmony Hall, the event being a social party tendered to Miss Hume of Seattle by her Victoria friends. Miss Hume is spending her holidays in the city.

STEEL WORKS PROPOSITION.

Mr. Witherow Has a Conference with the Mayor and Council.

At the conference held yesterday afternoon Col. Witherow explained to the mayor and aldermen his scheme for establishing iron and steel works in Victoria. This he thought was the proper place for the works on account of its proximity to both the iron and coal mines. The company would have a capital of $3,000,000, about half of which would be spent on the buildings and plant, a million on ships and mines, and half a million would be retained as working capital. His idea is for the city to guarantee five per cent. on the bonds of the company, the buildings and plant to be the city's security. The Dominion government bonus for the pig iron which would be turned out by the company, would be placed in the hands of trustees in trust for the city. Col. Witherow thinks a good market could be obtained both on the coast and in China and Japan for the output of the works. The capital would be raised in England and the bonds could of course be more easily sold if guaranteed by the city. The council promised to fully consider the proposition, Col. Witherow wishing an answer before he leaves for England. He left last evening for California.

This project has been submitted to the Vancouver city council, and it is understood that the cities of Everett and Tacoma in Washington are also in communication with Mr. Witherow. It will thus be seen that the promoter has three or four strings to his bow. Ald. Shaw submitted a resolution to the last meeting of the Vancouver city council providing for a five per cent. guarantee on $1,000,000 on conditions which appear safe to the city. The council did not take action, but the question is to be taken up again at the next meeting. The terms of the resolution are as follows:

Whereas, it is considered in the interests of the city of Vancouver that steel and iron works should be established in the city, be it resolved, provided:

1. That if a company be formed with sufficient capital to construct and operate steel and iron works within the limits of the city of Vancouver or any extension thereof that will turn out 50,000 tons per annum of Bessemer iron steel billets, plates, rails, bars or structural iron of any modification thereof;

2. That if the construction of the mills furnaces and works are commenced by a date not later than the first day of June, 1895, and completed in working order and in operation before the first day of June, 1897;

3. That if a sum not less than $1,000,000 be expended by the company in the acquiring of a site, construction of mills and works, and providing all necessary furnaces, plant and machinery within the City of Vancouver or any extension thereof and at least one-half million dollars in the acquisition of mines, coking plant, steamers and auxiliary equipment so that the said mills and works shall be fully supplied with material and enabled to make the agreed output of at least 50,000 tons per annum;

4. That the company obtain from the Dominion government the bonus for the production of Bessemer iron and steel billets and plates and also use their best endeavors to obtain from the provincial government a bonus or grant in aid of the enterprise.

5. That a trustee or trustees be appointed on behalf of the city of Vancouver to receive from the Dominion and provincial governments all moneys so granted and to be paid by way of bonus in aid of the said enterprise with the object that any moneys so to be received shall go in payment of and as security for the payment of the interest hereinafter mentioned.

6. That in the event of the above being complied with to the satisfaction of the city council the council will cause a by-law to be submitted to the ratepayers of the city to authorize the city to guarantee the interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum on $1,000,000 bonds for a period of 20 years, the said bonus to be secured by mortgage on all the real and personal property of the company;

7. All bonuses received by the company and all profits earned to be paid over to the trustees to pay any moneys under the guarantee until after the said amounts have been credited to the said 5 per cent. interest liability;

The guarantee bonds only to be delivered over to the company on completion of their works, mines and plant, and until the works have been in running order and operation for a certain period of time so that it can be fully established that the works are capable of making the annual output of at least 50,000 tons of Bessemer steel, iron or steel billets or structural iron.

Eastern Oysters.

Celebrated Eagle Oysters, fresh every steamer, now in stock. Dixi H. Ross & Co.

Labor Saved . . .

By using Findley's Soaps. Special attention is called to **Findley's Borax Soap** for washing flannel wear, they will not shrink or discolor, but be soft and white if washed by this soap.

. . . . WORKS: Cor. Herald and Govt. Sts.

The British Columbia SUGAR REFINERY

...PRICE LIST...

Granulated, in Bbls., or 100 lb., bags	4¼c. per lb.
Yellow, according to quality	3¾ to 4¼c. "
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags	5½c. "
Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	6c. "

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice.

The Company guarantee their Sugars to be absolutely pure.

Their Sugars are superior to any other in the market. Every dealer in Victoria knows this.

Consumers do not obtain more weight of inferior sugar for the dollar than they do of the British Columbia product; then why not have the best and at the same time support native industry.

When You Ask for B. C. Sugar See That You Get It.

NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 19.

Bring or send this coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 19 of "America Photographed", will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

A Little Wonder

Is what you might term a little article we have just imported. It is the

Third Person Buggy Seat . . .

For attaching to the seat of a buggy to accomadate one more than the seat of the buggy will hold. It only weighs two pounds, is handsomely upholstered and varnished black. See one in our window.

51 to 55 Fort Street. **Weiler Bros.**

Brief Locals.

—The case of Walter Heal, charged with refusing to kill a cow suffering from tuberculosis, is on in the provincial police court this afternoon. J. P. Walls, representing F. S. Roper, inspector of contagious diseases, is prosecuting the case, and W. J. Taylor appears for the defence. Mr. Roper and Dr. Tolmie were the only witnesses heard up to 3.30 o'clock, and the case will be on until late in the afternoon. The two witnesses were both of the opinion that the cow had tuberculosis.

Attention.

Account Grand Encampment G. A. R., Pittsburg, Pa., September 8th, the Northern Pacific railroad will sell round trip tickets at $65. Tickets on sale September 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Return limit west of St. Paul, 60 days from date of sale. East of St. Paul, September 26. Full information at city ticket office, E. E. Blackwood, general agent, Victoria, B. C.

Marine.

The U. S. lighthouse tender Columbine, Capt. Richardson, left for the Sound at 5 o'clock this morning.

CASH....

We import direct, do business under small expense and sell at Rock Bottom Figures..... Best Groceries, Agate Ware, Mason Preserve Jars, Oil Lamp Stoves, Etc..... Cars of Hungarian Flour, Wheat and Middlings just arrived.....

WE QUOTE.....

Ogilvie's Hungarian Flour $1.50 per bbl.
Vancouver Gran. Sugar... $4.75 per cwt.
Wheat..... $1.25 per cwt.

Give us a call at 321 Douglas Street.

JOHNS BROS.

LORD RAYLEIGH'S DISCOVERY.

A New Constituent of the Atmosphere Detected by Lord Rayleigh.

This year's meeting of the British Association is interesting from many points of view. Lord Salisbury has made a speech on evolution, the full text of which will no doubt be read with an attention already excited by the cabled indications of its trend and scope. Professor Schaefer, the president of the section of physiology, has explained the existence of what he calls the "attraction particle" in the cells of organized bodies. It was cabled yesterday that the invitation to the association from Toronto to make this city the place of the annual meeting in 1897 had been favorably received—a piece of news which is worthy of notice, if only from the facts that since the association was founded at York in 1831 it has only once held its great annual meeting out of the United Kingdom, and that then, viz., in 1884, Montreal was the chosen city. Lastly, the record of Lord Rayleigh's discovery of a hitherto unknown constituent of the atmosphere has upset previous notions as to the composition of that ocean of mixed gases at the bottom of which we live, and has put every chemist on this continent on the qui vive for more particulars. It may be supposed that if this piece of scientific information had come with a less distinguished name than Lord Rayleigh's attached to it it would have been received with a considerable degree of doubt. The professor of experimental physics in the University of Cambridge from 1879 to 1884 is, however, a man of unquestioned attainments and ability, and one of those who, though born to rank, have chosen to devote themselves to scholarly and scientific pursuits. He was senior wrangler in 1865 and first Smith's prizeman. Later he became a fellow of his college of Trinity, and was made honorary D. C. L. of Oxford in 1883 and honorary LL.D. of McGill university in 1884. But he will probably feel that these and the other honors which have fallen to him are not so distinguishing as to have made a discovery which, if it turns out to be of the character indicated, will place him in the list with such men as Newton, Lavosier, Priestley and Dalton.

Lord Rayleigh's discovery reminds us of the comparatively modern character of the science of chemistry. Our great-grandfathers remembered those who believed that the world physical nature was composed of four elements: earth, air, fire and water. It is only a little more than a hundred years since the last English alchemist, Dr. Price, of Guildford, ended his life by suicide. The vain idea that a way could be found to transmute everything to gold had retarded the progress of chemistry porper for a long period. When the dreams of alchemy had passed away, the practical work of determining the character of the substances that go to make up this terrestrial frame began to be prosecuted with some degree of diligence. Chemists now tell us that "the great globe itself, yea all which it inherit," are composed, physically speaking, of about 60 different sorts of material. The differentiation of the various substances has been the work of many hands and of years of patient toil. The researches of analysts have divided the antique element "earth" into various classes; "air," up to the present week, was supposed to consist of nitrogen, oxygen, watery vapor and a little carbonic acid gas; "fire" has been proved to be simply a chemical process; and "water" has been separated into its two components of hydrogen and oxygen. The method has been to divide into two or more sorts of matter that which appeared to be an original homogeneous substance. There was a time, for instance, when people thought that common salt, occurring as it does in nature, was an indivisible substance. Chemical workers, however, analyzed it, and found that they could divide a mass of it into so many ounces of a brilliant, soft, silver-white metal, and so many cubic feet of chlorine gas. But they have not, up to the present time, been able to divide the metal sodium—the basic metal of salt—into two different sorts of material, nor have they been able to separate chlorine into two substances. Accordingly, for the present, sodium and chlorine are classed as "elements." In a similar way the atmosphere has been analyzed, and it has been the custom lately to think that we know all about it. Priestley discovered its oxygen in 1774, calling it at first "dephlogisticated air;" Rutherford had two years previously discovered its nitrogen; and more than a century before that Boyle had successfully investigated its physical properties. Since those early times a vast amount of research has been devoted to the properties and the phenomena relating to the air. Yet it has remained for Lord Rayleigh to tell us at this end of the century that it possesses a constituent of which we were unaware, and that instead of being made up of three gases it is composed of four. This is more than discovering a new star, for the discovery of stars has but little practical bearing on daily life. The further analysis of the air we breathe, of which Lord Rayleigh has shown the possibility, may, on the contrary, be fraught with important results, since it may enable us to do things with air which were not possible before to us, and to understand phenomena respecting which we have been hitherto in the dark. The discovery is an illustration of the state of flux in which modern science exists. Exhaustive as have been the labors of our scientific men, they have apparently not yet found out everything. If the true composition of air has eluded us so long, why may we not be in the same position with regard to water, and several other things besides? Further news of the result of Lord Rayleigh's researches will be looked for with great eagerness.—Toronto Mail.

PULLMAN'S EARLY LIFE.

The Great Car Builder Starts Out as a Hoser Mayer.

An Omaha correspondent writes as follows to the St. Louis Republic: "At 2919 Mason street, in this city, lives the Rev. R. D. Stearns, an aged Protestant Episcopal clergyman, who is now second assistant to the dean of Trinity cathedral. Although almost 80 years of age, Mr. Stearns is yet a man of great mental power, and recalls very distinctly the events of many years ago. During his early experience as a clergyman, he was stationed at Medina, N. Y., only a few miles from Albion, Orleans county. He then knew the family of the father of George M. Pullman very well, and is able to give the public some very interesting and hitherto unpublished facts about Pullman's early life, which may be regarded as absolutely reliable and accurate.

"There have been various accounts published in regard to George Pullman's early life," and Mr. Stearns, in a vivacious and earnest manner, "which are incorrect. I was very well acquainted with George Pullman and the entire family. While rector at Medina, I had frequently to make visits to Albion, and thus became conversant with the facts which I shall relate. George Pullman's father was an honest, poor man, whose business was that of moving and raising houses. The family might have prospered had it not been for the unfortunate habits of his father. He was addicted to drink, and on this account much sympathy was felt for George, upon whose shoulder the burden of supporting the family came. At several times the family were recipients of charitable offerings, and George Pullman's early life was thus one of great poverty and hardships.

"It was about 1854," said Mr. Stearns, slowly, "when Pullman got his real start in life. At that time a law passed the New York legislature enlarging the Erie canal. Charles Moore, a wealthy man at Albion, suggested to George Pullman that he secure the contract of moving back the stores and other buildings on the canal between Albion and Medina. The work was rendered necessary by the enlargement of the canal. Moore assisted George in securing the contract. It was, of course, an immense undertaking, and required a long time. But George was very successful and made a comparatively large sum on the contract. It was that canal contract which enabled George Pullman to leave Albion and transfer his energies to the west.

"Not content with having helped George in this way, Moore suggested to him that he ought to go to Chicago, a city which was then rising into national prominence. Moore was a brother-in-law to Frank Parmalee, the well known omnibus man in Chicago, and he succeeded in enlisting Parmalee in Pullman's welfare. In this way, Pullman secured a foothold in Chicago, where he found work in moving buildings, as he did in Albion. Among his first large undertakings was to raise the Tremont House, which was regarded as a great feat in those days, and which at once secured for him many other similar contracts. He then began to push out in a characteristic way, and soon was achieving success in various lines of industry."

MISCELLANY.

A locomotive lasts 15 years and earns about $300,000.

Bricks said to be from the tower of Babel are plentiful at Birs Nimrod, Babylonia.

Steel barrels, made from sheets ranging in thickness from one-sixteenth to a quarter of an inch, are coming into use.

The first advertisement published in the Baltimore American was the sale of a piece of land by General George Washington in 1773.

Women smoke almost as much as men in Russia, and all the railways run smoking cars for ladies, which are well patronized.

The latest setting for a scarf pin is a miniature pipe of gold, from the bowl of which emerges a bubble in the form of a tinted pearl.

A bullet from one of the new rifles in use in the Italian army will penetrate five inches of solid ash at a distance of three-quarters of a mile.

A machine has been invented, and is now in use in the Philadelphia mint, which will count two thousand silver dollars in a minute and never steal one of them.

The sum of $50,000 was paid by the German government for a "missal" once owned by Pope Leo X. It is said to be the highest price ever paid for a book.

Living in Japan is probably cheaper than in any other country in the world. For $250 a year a man can live in a comfortable house, employ two servants and have the best kind of food.

An inmate in the Harrisburg Insane asylum possesses the curious hallucination that he is buttonhole with frayed edges. He is constantly making appeals to have a tailor repair him.

Cats have been trained in New Zealand to pursue and destroy rabbits, which are so plentiful as to be a nuisance. White tom cats with pink eyes made the best hunters, and sometimes Maltese tabbies have been taught to point the same as a field dog. While standing in a rigid position, with the right forefoot raised, they growl in a most frightful manner.

It is claimed that a new fuel gas process is in operation in Canisteo, N. Y., by which it is possible to distribute and sell the product for 25 cents per 1000 feet. The gas is not well suited to lighting, they say, though better than natural gas, with which it has to compete. It works well in gas engines, and a ten horse-power engine can be run with it for less than 50 cents a day of ten hours.

Many bodily ills result from habitual constipation, and a fine constitution may be weakened and ruined by simple neglect. There is no medicine, for regulating the bowels and restoring a natural action to the digestive organs, equals Ayer's Pills.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Extreme Water Softener and a powerful cleanser. A can equals 3 pounds Sal Soda.

Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto, Ont.

Mrs. J. H. HORSNYDER, 152 Pacific Ave., Santa Cruz, Cal., writes:

"When a girl at school, in Reading, Ohio, I had a severe attack of brain fever. On my recovery, I found myself perfectly bald, and, for a long time, I feared I should be permanently so. Friends urged me to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and, on doing so, my hair

Began to Grow,

and I now have as fine a head of hair as one could wish for, being changed, however, from blonde to dark brown."

"After a fit of sickness, my hair came out in combfulls. I used two bottles of

Ayer's Hair Vigor

and now my hair is over a yard long and very full and heavy. I have recommended this preparation to others with like good effect."—Mrs. Sidney Carr, 1409 Regina st., Harrisburg, Pa.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for several years and always obtained satisfactory results. I know it is the best preparation for the hair that is made."—C. T. Arnett, Mammoth Spring, Ark.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Short Talks on Advertising

The use of illustrations in advertising is becoming more and more general and more and more intelligent. Their chief merit lies in the fact that they show the article pictured as it looks in actual use. If the advertisement is about shoes, the picture is of a man pulling on an easy shoe, or of a dainty, stylish woman lifting a pretty and shapely foot. The illustrations are always suggestive and always well drawn. I may as well say here that I do not think much of alleged humorous cuts that are used more or less all over the country—the ones which run to puns and "cuteness." They may attract attention, but attracting attention isn't the best that an ad can do. A comic cut isn't convincing. It doesn't tell anything, or prove anything about the man or the goods advertised. I don't believe that such ads sell goods. The English idea is very largely the use of some pretty picture irrespective of its subject, or its relation to the thing advertised. The idea in this case also is to attract attention. I think it is wrong. A cut should be used merely to illustrate the advertisement, and not as the advertisement itself. Illustration should be subordinate. In ordinary, daily paper advertising the cut should be small. I like outline cuts about an inch to an inch and a half wide, with reading matter set down one side. Generally speaking, advertisements being truthful statements, illustrations draw attention to and emphasize them. Placed in a good medium like the Times, they are read and business follows.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5.30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Scenic and Popular Route to the East. Running through Sleepers and Tourist Cars to

MONTREAL, BOSTON, TORONTO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS,

WITHOUT CHANGE

For rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, B. C.

Or to

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. & Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry G. Payne, Henry G. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots			Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			TONNAGE 1117
8 30 pm	Lv	M	...*Victoria...	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38	P... Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	....Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	...*Tacoma...	31	Lv	8 50 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

R. S. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent,
121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a. m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

A. DUNSMUIR, General Agent, No. 72 Government Street.

F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt., St. Paul, Minnesota.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, September 1st, 1894, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa Thursday, September 20, at p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.—General Agents.

GEO. W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. BUSTEED, Bastion Square, Victoria.

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

Walla Walla - - - August 26

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 23.

Taking effect June 28th, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 15:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 10.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.

No. 3 Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Sundays.		Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	
Ar.	2.00 P M		VICTORIA	Ar.	12.30 P M
	7.18	14	SAANICH		12.20
	7.28	19	BRENTWOOD		12.10
	7.38	24	KEATING		11.45
	7.50	30	SHAWNIGAN LAKE		11.30
	8.05	37	COBBLE HILL		11.15
	8.15	42	MALAHAT		11.00
	8.25	47	SHAWNIGAN		10.50
	8.35	52	COWICHAN		10.40
	8.45	57	DUNCAN'S		10.30
	8.55	62	SOMENOS		10.20
	9.05	67	CHEMAINUS		10.10
	9.15	72	OYSTER BAY SIDING		10.00
	9.25	77	NANAIMO		9.50
Dp.	9.30		WELLINGTON	Ar.	9.45

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

No. 2 Passenger Daily.		Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS.	No. 4 Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Mondays.	
Dp.	8.00 A M		VICTORIA	Dp.	3.00 P M
	8.04	5	SAANICH		2.50
	8.14	15	BRENTWOOD		2.40
	8.24	20	KEATING		2.30
	8.36	26	SHAWNIGAN LAKE		2.18
	8.51	33	COBBLE HILL		2.03
	9.01	38	MALAHAT		1.53
	9.11	43	SHAWNIGAN		1.43
	9.21	48	COWICHAN		1.33
	9.31	53	DUNCAN'S		1.23
	9.41	58	SOMENOS		1.13
	9.51	63	CHEMAINUS		1.03
	10.01	68	OYSTER BAY SIDING		12.53
	10.11	73	NANAIMO		12.43
Ar.	10.15 A M		WELLINGTON	Dp.	12.40 P M

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

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Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
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" Union Wharf Thursday at 6 a.m. for Nanaimo returning to Union Wharf same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

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For freight or passage apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria, 32 Store street.

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CLOTHIERS and HATTERS,
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CANNERS' DIFFICULTIES.

Hardships Caused by Fatuous Administration of the Fisheries Department.

Cancellation of Licenses for Throwing Offal Into the River—Mr. Munn Writes.

The New Westminster Columbian of Wednesday says:

The order received from Ottawa cancelling the twenty fishing licenses held by Messrs. D. J. Munn & Co.'s Sea Island cannery, came as a surprise, as it imposes a second punishment on Messrs. Munn & Co. for an offence—throwing offal in the river, for which they had already been made to uffer in the shape of a fine and costs. The cancellation of these licenses throws eight Indian fishermen out of work, and may force the firm to reduce their inside staff, which will result in throwing many more hands out of employment.

The Indians became excited when the news reached them that the licenses had been cancelled and there is no more work for them. They held a meeting and discussed the matter, and to-day over a hundred of them came to the city and interviewed Indian Agent Devlin.

Chief Louis, of the Chilliwack tribe, was the first speaker. He said: "When we come to the fishing we want to be sure of making some money, and can only do that by working by the day. We have no money to buy nets and boats. If we get them from the canneries and lose them we cannot pay for them. The government takes away our work. If we lose a net or boat, will the government pay for us, and if the government takes away our work will the government keep us? If the canneries break the law why should we suffer? We do not want to work by contract; we want to work by the day and get our money. What have we done that we are treated in this way? We may be hungry this winter. Will the government feed us?"

Mr. Devlin replied that he could not promise to feed any good, strong man capable of working, but if any of the old Indians suffered he would see that they were not allowed to starve. It was too bad the Indians were made to suffer for offences not committed by them, and he would lay the whole matter before the department at once.

Chief Casimir, of Langley tribe, next spoke as follows: "The Indians and their fathers lived in the country long before the white men came. The river was ours and the land was ours, and we have not relinquished our right to them. We have never been paid for them; the government has given us no money, and we claim the right to fish when we want to. The government and the canners are both wrong. The government wants the guts and heads of salmon emptied in the salt water where, seven miles from shore, we get our nets filled with stinking guts, and when the tide flows in it carries the guts back into the river again. The canners want to throw the guts into the river. Both are wrong. The Indians understand the salmon. The salmon can smell and they don't like the smell of their own blood. It frightens them. The Indians fished the salmon a long time but they did not throw the guts in the water; they threw them on land, and that is where they should always be put. We want you to ask the government not to allow the guts to be thrown in the water, fresh or salt."

Mr. Devlin promised to present the arguments of the chief to the department and do all he could for them. Other Indians spoke on the subject, denouncing the action of the government, after which the Indians retired.

In connection with this subject the following letter appears in the same issue of the Columbian:

Editor Columbian:—I have reluctantly to ask for space in your columns to place a few points before the public regarding the recent prosecution of cannery owners in the police court for the infraction of the law relating to the disposal of the offal.

One taking a superficial view of the question might suppose that the offal regulation is of recent origin. The fact is, it is contained in a statute of 18 years' standing. Up to last year, no prosecutions for violations of it were made—the department of fisheries being apparently, satisfied with its ingenious device for evading its own statute, viz., that of allowing the offal to be deposited in perforated boxes underneath the canneries. Unfortunately for the success of this device, however, it was found that the offal became very obnoxious if left to rot there and ooze its putrid way through the perforations.

Last year several convictions were made and appealed from, and there they ended. Such is the history of this unfortunate law during seventeen years.

The first information (and which I obtained only incidentally) of a declaration of war upon the cameries, with the offal nuisance as casu belli, and this antiquated statute as the department's munition of war, was given me on the 7th ultimo. The season for northern canneries was then well advanced. There was nothing left for Fraser river canners to do but to prepare for the worst with all dispatch; but, unfortunately, the canneries, like most other industries, required a little time to put in appliances for the handling of a great quantity of refuse. As speedily as possible, I put in a Ewart chain conveyer for the proper handling of the large waste parts of the fish, and for that purpose it works perfectly.

But the law requires more than that. I am informed that the fact of fish blood, slime and fragments getting into the water is contrary to law and that canners are liable for this as for dumping all the offal. Estimate, then, the thousands of gallons of water washings that is used in each cannery daily and tell us how we can dispose of it in compliance with the law and compete with our canning neighbors of Alaska, Columbia river and Point Roberts, who control the salmon markets of the world, and who are not troubled with these expensive and vexatious regulations?

Thus, if it is impossible to strictly comply with such a law, surely the failure of compliance does not amount to a defiance of it. The defiance of the law is involved in the impossibility of complying with it.

There is no one having the welfare of the industries and interests of the province at heart who would not be highly pleased to have this expensive and discouraging matter settled at once and for all. There is no one who does not wish to have the nuisance in all its forms abated and the wasted parts of the salmon turned into a source of profit. We have been told by the Hon. H. C. Beeton and Sir Charles Tupper of London, England, Samuel Wilmot, and other dignitaries, that the profit to be made out of the manufacture of offal into oil and fertilizers can be computed by thousands of dollars annually. Why is it, then, that these gentlemen, who are concerned so much about the "dear people" do not enlist the capital required to invest in the business? Surely their influence and recommendation of an enterprise of this kind should readily produce the money required from the great centres of accumulated wealth? If they cannot do so they should close their mouths and cease their stupid wonderment as to why people here cannot enlist the necessary capital.

I conceive it to be the duty of a government to encourage enterprise among its citizens in all legitimate forms. In British Columbia particularly, where we have to rely upon the development of our latent resources for our prosperity, the industries should be given a fair, business like chance to prosper. It is not generally known or suspected, I believe, that the fishermen and canners of this province are taxed in the way of license fees, etc., to an extent out of all reason higher than the fishing industries of the other provinces. In the last annual report of the marine and fisheries, the amounts received in the way of licenses, etc., and the amounts expended in the way of salaries to officials, fish breeding, etc., in the various provinces are tabulated as follows:

	Expenditure.	Revenue.
Ontario	$20,116	$30,623
Quebec	11,761	7,471
New Brunswick	15,721	7,831
Nova Scotia	19,444	6,782
P. E. Island	2,847	304
Manitoba and N.W.T.	3,962	1,661
British Columbia	5,490	40,624

From these figures it will be seen that while the other provinces of the Dominion combined pay about $5.50, this province alone contributes over $4, and while they receive $7.38 we are given the bagatelle of 54 cents. British Columbia is, amongst the other provinces, by no means the largest producer of fish, but we contribute to the revenue of Canada $34,774 more than we receive, while all the provinces with the exception of Ontario receive more than they contribute to the revenue.

Is this tax not unequal and unjust? What kind of people are we if we tamely submit to such a bleeding of our industrial strength? Would it not be moderate and reasonable to ask that the surplus of $34,774 which we contribute more than we receive should be used for the purpose of abating an alleged nuisance which is inseparable from the canning industry on this river? The alleged nuisance is a consequence of the privilege to fish. And if the amount we pay for that privilege is more than sufficient, should not the surplus be used to abate the alleged nuisance which the privilege creates? Let me suggest, then, that the government take this yearly surplus and use it in the carrying on or bonusing of a manufactury to utilize the refuse of the canneries. It is evident that in no other way can the alleged nuisance be removed. Individuals cannot be expected to undertake a business that, unaided, they know will prove unprofitable.

If, then, my suggestion may be considered a fair business proposition, let us briefly consider the benefits that might be expected to flow from it. In the first place it would leave in the hands of the department the means of effectively removing the causese of complaint. It would remove a handicap and a hindrance to the prosecution of a business which is at best hazardous and uncertain. It would remove a fruitful source of contention between the fisheries department and the people, and conduce to a more hearty concurrence in the carrying out of other, perhaps more important, fishery regulations. And last, and perhaps the most important in its permanent results, the farmers and fruit-growers could obtain a supply of a fertilizer of the richest kind, at a reasonable price, thus supplying an article that will be found more and more necessary and valuable as years go by in the prosecution of agriculture in this province.

Very respectfully yours,
D. J. MUNN.

WATER VS. WHISKEY.

To the Editor: The Colonist announced the other day that that genial philanthropist, Steve O'Brien, had placed Esquimalt water in his saloon for the use of thirsty customers. I was glad to read the announcement. The beverages occasionally partaken of by droughty newspaper men will be improved by liberal dilutions of Thetis lake water. The four-crown will be less elevating and Walker's less seductive, after a generous intermixture of the non-intoxicant. As a temperance man I am delighted to hear that water of any kind is appreciated by frequenters of saloons, and it is certainly very encouraging to be told that our cause is making headway in the very citadel of the enemy. Here is a suggestion for the philanthropists and temperance reformers to act upon. The Esquimalt water being a superior beverage—so exhilarating in fact that a knowing saloon keeper expects it to take the place of expensive liquors—the regeneration of our topers may be expected by having this remarkable liquid dispensed over every bar counter in the city. There is evidence that in a moral crusade of this kind the temperance people would have the hearty support of the Colonist, which seems to have suddenly acquired a liking for the new beverage. I simply throw out the hint. If we expect people to stop drinking whiskey we should provide a substitute. Here is one provided in the Colonist which ought to be acceptable to prohibitionists.

BLUE RIBBON.

Dandruff is an exudation from the pores of the scalp that spreads and dries, forming scurf and causing the hair to fall out. Hall's Hair Renewer cures it.

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

A More Hopeful Feeling—The Crops and Stocks.

New York, Aug. 18.—The market has at last been freed from the cloud of uncertainty, doubt and fear which has been its great drawback for many months. The Washington domination has practically ceased, and railroad properties are once more in a position to be influenced by the returns from a gradually increasing traffic, which is bound to follow the settlement of the tariff question. The depreciation in values and stagnation in business has been a matter of more than a year; and it may take as long as that to bring the country back to its previous condition of prosperity; but the recovery is certainly coming and has already started. The work of a year cannot be undone in a week or month, and from time to time there will undoubtedly be falterings and setbacks; but with it all the foundation of business will gradually assume broader proportions, until the restoration of confidence in all lines and all quarters is complete. Wall street is unquestionably the pulse of the country, and as a patient's pulse indicates his condition, so will the security market here reflect the convalescing condition in manufacturing and commercial circles which will prevail throughout the country from now on. Europe has already perceived the brightening financial skies here, and has been quick to recognize the advisability of accumulating American railroad properties while it can be done at a low figure. Each day brings fresh buying orders from abroad, and foreigners are getting as anxious to hold our securities now as they were to let them go a while back. Added to this, the absorption of bonds and stocks which are now looked upon as unreasonably low continues, that is they are being bought and taken out of the market entirely. The long continued "bear" markets have shaken out their weak holders, and securities in general are getting into strong hands. That the railroads of the United States are in a better position to recuperate rapidly than they were a year ago there can be no doubt. The long period of depression has necessitated the cutting down of expenses wherever and whenever it was possible. It has taught railroad managers how to economize and forced them to do business on a cheaper basis than ever before; so that increases in traffic are likely to show much larger net returns, owing to the low basis of operating expenses. For a while also there are not likely to be many new extensions to old roads projected, as at present there is little incentive for anything of the kind, and there will not be until the business of the United States gets back to its old magnitude. The corn crop has been less an element of fear in connection with the Granger roads this week. There has been considerable rain in the corn belt, and though the government crop report issued on the 10th indicates a deterioration in condition sufficient to reduce the general yield to something under 1,500,000,000 bushels, the impression prevails that the worst of the damage is now known, and that there is no further reason for "bearing" the stocks of the corn-carrying roads. The way should now be clear for a new departure based upon a rock foundation; a condition which could only have been accomplished by rigid economy and thorough liquidation. The attitude for everyone now to take is on the building up side, which carries with it cheerfulness, hopefulness and profit to all who put their shoulder to the wheel and take hold with a vim. We cannot do better than point out the wisdom of our advice of ten days ago to the effect that the stock market would be governed by what is ahead and not by what has passed; that the old condition of stagnation and depression is rapidly being lost sight of, and that everyone is looking forward to what may be expected to prevail six months from now and thereafter. By that time railroad earnings will have returned to a normal condition, which means more than it did under the old situation owing to the pruning process which the roads have all undergone. The thing to do is to discount a general improvement in the future; and we will recommend buying stocks for higher prices. The reactions which will occur occasionally will afford excellent opportunities for getting in at good figures.

HENRY CLEWS.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders.
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The Times this week offers Part 19. One more number will complete the series of 20 Parts. Subscribers who have not yet availed themselves of our magnificent offer, may do so still, as there are a few numbers of the first parts still on hand. When these are all gone we will not re-order.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

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ABSOLUTELY PURE

SPORTING INRELLIGENCE.

Entries for the Annual Regatta of the James Bay Athletic Association.

Intermediate Lacrosse Match at Caledonia Park—Other Sporting News.

THE OAR.

The annual regatta of the James Bay Athletic association takes place on the harbor course to-morrow afternoon. The members of the club who are entered for the events have been training hard, and several very interesting races may be expected. The entries for the different events closed last evening. They are:

No. 1—FIRST HEAT, CLUB FOURS.

J. Geiger (stroke), W. Scott, J. C. Scott, W. H. Wilkerson.

L. B. Young (stroke), H. Dodds, A. H. Finlaison, A. R. Wolfenden.

No. 2—PETERBORO CANOE—SINGLE PADDLE—(OPEN).

J. B. A. A.—G. F. Askew, James Watson.

V. C. C.—H. C. Macaulay, A S. Gore and E. Munro.

No. 3—SECOND HEAT, CLUB FOURS.

D. O'Sullivan (stroke), W. P. Perkins, J. H. Austin, E. O. Finlaison.

F. E. Widdowson (stroke), J. W. Wilson, W. J. Mackay, John Aden.

No. 4—JUNIOR SINGLE SCULLS—CLUB.

H. B. Haines, T. Geiger and F. S. Widdowson.

No. 5—PETERBORO CANOE—TANDEM (OPEN).

J. B. A. A.—G. F. Askew and J. Watson; J. H. Austin and E. O. Finlaison.

V. C. C.—H. C. Macaulay and A. S. Gore.

No. 6—PETERBORO CANOE—UPSET (OPEN).

H. F. M. Jones, G. F. Askew, J. Watson, B. Vigor, F. Wollaston and W. Askew.

No. 7—Final heat, club fours, for the Flumerfelt cup. Winners of first and second heats.

No. 8—SENIOR SINGLE SCULLS (CLUB.).

D. O'Sullivan, W. Scott, J. Aden, G. F. Askew and winners of juniors.

No. 9—DINGEY RACE—(CLUB).

Double scull jarigged, lady coxwain:

D. O'Sullivan and G. F. Askew.

W. Scott and J. Watson.

H. B. Haines and E. G. Billinghurst.

L. B. Young and A. H. Finlaison.

No. 10—PETERBORO CANOE—FOUR PADDLES.—OPEN.

G. F. Askew, J. Watson, D. Jones and C. E. Bailey.

D. O'Sullivan, W. P. Perkins, J. H. Austin and E. O. Finlaison.

L. B. Young, H. Dodds, A. H. Finlaison and A. R. Wolfenden.

No. 11—TILTING MATCH—OPEN.

H. F. M. Jones and D. O'Sullivan; G. F. Askew and J. Watson; L. B. Young and H. Dodds; W. P. Perkins and J. H. Austin; F. Wollaston and J. P. Hibben; H. B. Haines and E. E. Billinghurst.

No. 12—INDIAN WAR CANOES—THIRTEEN PADDLES.

J. B. A. A.—G. F. Askew (buck), J. Watson, D. O'Sullivan, W. Scott, D. T. Jones, J. A. Austin, J. E. Wilson, W. P. Perkins, W. J. Mackay, J. W. Wilson, C. E Bailey, H Dodds and J. Anderson.

V. C. C.—E. Pitt (buck), E. Brammer, H. Crane, C. A. Godson, F. W. Gaplin, A. S. Gore, F. Higgins, J. P. Hibben, H. C Macaulay, E. Munro, J. H. Riggs, F. Wollaston and F. G. White.

SWIMMING RACE—DUCK HUNT.

H. F. M. Jones, G. F. Askew, W. A. Cornwall, D. O'Sullivan, L. B. Young, J. R. G. Bullen, H. B. Young, W. H. Langley, E. E. Billinghurst, H. B. Haines, W. Scott, C. E. Bailey, J. Wilson and J. H. Austin.

CANOE SAILING RACE.

A. J. Dallain, J. Fraser, J. P. Hibben, T. N. Hibben, W. S. Gore, T. S. Gore, A. S. Gore, C. Godson and H. B. Rogers.

YACHTING.

CAUSE OF DEFEATS.

A Britisher writing to the Field has the following to say: "Sir:—It would be of interest to have an opinion from some experts, whether the repeated defeats of the Vigilant are not due in a great measure to the following cause:

Instead of carrying about thirty extra men (shifting ballast) as she did in her races with the Valkyrie, she now has two or three tons more of lead in her hull.

One consequence of this is, that she has to allow the Britannia three minutes on every fifty mile course, as she is measured with her lead on board, i. e., in racing trim.

The time allowance to the Valkyrie, a smaller boat than the Britannia, was a mere fraction of this, as the Vigilant was measured for these races with the extra men (shifting ballast) on shore, i. e., not in racing trim.

It is unnecessary to mention the enormous advantage obtained by her when her shifting ballast was laying low in weather scuppers in a beat, or grooves were awash when running or broad reaching.

I am glad to see that it is stipulated in the coming private match between the Vigilant and the Britannia, that the boats are to be measured with racing crews on board. I look for a four-minute allowance at least in this case.

THE RING.

TIERNAN-KELLY.

New Orleans, Aug. 24.—John Tiernan, of England, who has a good record, and Charley Kelly, the American bantam-weight, will come together before the Olympic club to-night for a purse of $1,500 and a stake of $500 a side. The mill will be to a finish, and the backers of both men are confident of victory. If Kelly takes the purse he will proclaim a defy against "Billy" Plimmer from the ring.

DEMPSEY-McCARTHY.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 24.—Jack Dempsey is training at Tybee Island for his mill with Australian Billy McCarthy, which comes off before the Auditorium club in New Orleans early in September for a purse of $2,000. He is under the care of Denny Costigan and Tom Maher, and is getting into good shape. McCarthy is training at the Blue House in New Orleans. Professor John Duffy has been chosen as referee.

THE GUN.

FOR THE CHAMPIONSHIP.

There is a misunderstanding among the members of the gun clubs respecting the championship. C. W. Minor, who won the inanimate bird championship for 1893, claims that this holds good until he has been defeated in a challenged match. On the other hand it is held that Mr. Minor only won the championship for that one year, and that it should be decided each year in a sweepstakes. F. S. Maclure, who won the legislature's medal for the live bird championship of 1893, thinks that he and Minor can only claim the championship for the year in which they won it, and that they have to take their chances with the rest of the members of the clubs, each year. To-morrow there will be a 100 bird match at the Oak Bay traps to decide the championship. Shooting will commence at 2:30.

CRICKET.

ELEVEN BEATS THIRTY-ONE.

An eleven captained by W. A. Ward defeated thirty-one at the Caledonia grounds yesterday. The score was 100 to 131. The high scores for the thirthy-one were 17 by H. D. Helmcken and 12 by Hon. F. G. Vernon. For the eleven F. Ad. Irving made 46, W. A. Ward 32 and B. H. T. Drake 30.

LACROSSE.

BAYS V. NANAIMO.

At the Caledonia Park to-morrow the James Bays and Nanaimo will play an intermediate championship match. If the Bays win they wpill have to play the Stars to decide which team shall play the Moonlighters of New Westminster for the championship. The teams are as follows: Nanaimo—Goal, Joe Fitzgerald; point, Henry Smith; coverpoint, W. Newcomb; first defence, Ward Bell; second defence, A. McFeece; third defence, V. Stewart; centre, Gregor; third home, George Fetter; Sam Hague; third home, George Fetterdrigh; second home, A. Cusack; first home, H. McMillan; outside home, D. McLean; and inside home, W. Madill. James Bays—Netherby, goal; Greenfield, point; Snider, cover point; A. Smith, first defence; W. Stephen, second defence; W. Bland, third defence; J. Murray, centre; B. Marshall, third home; J. Bland, second home; F. Schnoter, first home; J. Miller, outside home; F. Smith, inside home; W. McConnell, substitute.

THE RIFLE.

B. C. TEAM.

If the British Columbia team makes as good shooting at Ottawa as they did at Toronto they will return home loaded with honors. Yesterday they won the principal events of the Ontario provincial meet, the battalion and company team matches for which very handsome and valuable prizes were offered. The scores were Battallon match—B. C. B. G. A. winners of the Tait cup—204.

Forty-Eighth Highlanders—195.

Eleventh Battallon—191.

Company Match—No. 4 Company, B. C. B. G. A., Westminster, winners of the Brassey cup—364.

Twelfth Battallon—361.

Forty-Third Battallon—346.

SPRINTING.

CHAMPION DAY SUICIDES.

Bayon, N. J., Aug. 24.—Will D. Day, champion runner of the world suicided this morning by hanging from a tree near the Jersey Athletic Club at Bergen Point. The body was found at 11 o'clock by two fishermen, who notified Day's parents of the discovery. Day's act was a complete surprise to his friends. He was arrested Tuesday, upon the complaint made by the Manhattan Laundry Company, of Jersey City, for whom Day had acted as collector. The complaint stated that Day had collected $1,121 for which he failed to account. He told his friends that the company had owed him money and that it was not true that he had embezzled the amount.

PERSONAL.

H. Bell-Irving left this morning for Vancouver.

J. M. Marcilson, of Ladner's, is at the Oriental.

M. P. Benton left for the Sound last evening.

S. M. Robins returned to Nanaimo this afternoon.

A. F. Cook, of Seattle, returned home last evening.

W. J. Meakin, of the Kalemalka Hotel, Vernon, is in the city.

Hon. A. N. Richards leaves for Harrison Hot Springs to-morrow morning.

Major Mutter, M.P.P., and J. I. Mutter, of Somenos, are at the Oriental.

Louis Garesche will spend a week fishing around Shawnigan and Cowichan.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Chudley and Master Chudley leave to-night for Tacoma.

Thos. E. Ladner, of Ladner's Landing; N. H. Bain and Geo. S. Dutcher, of Lulu Island, are at the Driard.

Mrs. D. W. Morrow and Miss F. Williams returned from Vancouver last evening.

C. H. Dickie and wife and Mrs. Watson, of Cowichan, registered at the Oriental today.

W. D. Smith, special commissioner for the Northwest Interstate Fair, came down on the Rosalie this morning.

P. P. Shelly is to be appointed traffic manager of the Great Northern for Washington, British Columbia, Oregon and California.

Mrs. C. E. Adams and Mrs. Ramsay, of Tacoma, who have been visiting Mrs. Adams, of Craigflower, returned to Tacoma last evening.

I. White and wife, their neice, Miss Gertrude White, and R. Jacobs and family, of Portland, are guests at the Driard. They are on their way home from Harrison Hot Springs.

THE CARLOTTA G. COX ARRIVES

She Was a Month Crossing the Pacific and Has 2000 Seal Skins.

The sealing schooner Carlotta G. Cox, Captain Byers, arrived in the Straits this morning, and by 5 o'clock this evening will be in the harbor. A couple of the crew came in from below the Race in a small boat, arriving shortly after 1 o'clock. There was no wind outside, and they were sent in to get a tug to tow the schooner in. They report that the schooner has a catch amounting to a small number less than 2000. The Cox left Hakodate for Victoria on July 24, and was therefore just a month in making the trip. After leaving the Japan coast a steamer was the only vessel sighted on the trip across. The schooner has all her catch aboard and will discharge them immediately on docking. The men who came ashore report that all of the crew are well, and that the latter part of the season was without incident. A tug was sent out at 2:30 this afternoon, at which time the Cox was still near the Race.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—T Thornton, Dr Keary, [illegible] W Stewart, Mrs King, James Jones, Geo Hardy, F Sullivan, Miss Minnie Smith, R L McGlanmore, Mrs Davis.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—John Wilson & Co, Hudson Bay Co, R T Williams & Co, J H Baker, E B Marvin & Co, Northwest Produce Co, Winch & Bowers.

PARIS BURIALS.

Love of Display at Funerals Characteristic of the French.

Apropos of the imposing funeral of the late President Carnot of France and the deposition of his remains in the Pantheon of Paris, the love of the French for display in burial ceremonies has been pointed out as characteristic of the nation. "The people," says a contemporary in the Family Magazine, "have a pathetic way of saying that 'although it costs much to live in Paris it costs still more to die.'" This in a measure is true, and that it is so is due to the fact that the government has a monopoly of the work of burying the dead and has established a scale of prices by which the style of funerals is regulated, from that costing hundreds of dollars to the one which opens the fosse commune (common grave).

As a rule the French are fond of fine funerals. For statesmen of the first rank the government decrees a state funeral, which is an occasion of great display, and frequently leads to political demonstrations; but private funerals are also costly, and many a man who has lived with the utmost meanness all his life is laid to rest with princely pomp. The door of his residence is hung with black curtains embroidered with silver; his monogram in silver is on all the mourning coaches which follow the hearse; the drivers are dressed in black, with knee breeches, high boots, three cornered hats and long crape streamers on their arms; the horses for the hearse are caparisoned with sweeping draperies of black and silver, and on the hearse itself are plumes and silver figures of angels and cherubs. Then, too, the custom of sending out notices of the death and invitations to the funeral is very common, and sometimes these notices are as elaborate and as elegantly engraved as the most expensive wedding cards or invitations to a ball.

In striking contrast with the decorous funerals of the rich are the scenes when the body of a very poor person is to be laid in the grave. The city is strict in regard to them. The body can only be kept for twenty-four hours from the time of death, and it must be buried in a coffin of thin deal boards, unpainted, unvarnished, and so slight that it is always wrapped up and fastened with ropes lest it should come to pieces. It is taken to the grave in a hearse which is barely better than a dray. At the fosse commune the priest is allowed to include six funerals in one service.

Fully to explain the necessity for the fosse commune, it is necessary to say a word about French graveyards. They are governed entirely different from ours, and their object seems to be to afford graves to the millions who are dead, without taking too much space from the millions who live. In certain parts of the cemetery graves may be bought outright, though at enormous prices, and remain forever in the possession of a family. In other sections the graves are bought singly, for five years from the date of burial, and at the end of the specified time the bones are taken up and buried in the fosse commune.

The fosse commune—the lowest grave of all—is a ditch twelve feet deep, twelve feet wide, and as long as the size of the graveyard permits. Here the coffins are put side by side in two rows, the heads meeting in the centre. When a certain number are in the ditch it is closed and on another layer of earth more coffins are afterwards laid. When the ditch is filled to the surface another one alongside is opened, and so on until the available space is used up. Then the first ditch is reopened and fresh coffins are put in in place of the old ones, which have decayed.—Baltimore Sun.

HE FELL IN LOVE,

And, Being in Mexico, He Followed the Custom of the Country.

On the plaza every evening the band plays its charming music, and here the lovers most likely meet for the first time. The men promenade around the square in one way, while the women go the opposite, and a policeman is there to see that every man behaves himself and keeps his place. It was here on the plaza that the writer first fell in love—quite a confession, I admit. Oh! she was a handsome creature, but I have met dozens equally so. The old idea that a man loves but once does not apply in Mexico. Here he cannot only love more than once, but love several at a time. He can fall in love three times in a day and still have a good appetite. However, this particular episode is not without interest. At the time it took place I was completely ignorant of the manners and customs of Mexican etiquete. I saw the object of my admiration on the promenade, and she smiled graciously. That was a great deal for her to do, as she was as proud as Lucifer. But that smile was enough. I was told that she could speak a little English, so I resolved to ask her where Brown-Jones lived, and, after waiting for her to drop something, which, by the way, she never did, told a friend of my intentions to speak to her, and so started [illegible] ed. Before reaching the place, however, I was seized by my friend, who looked as white as a ghost and said: Don't you do it, my boy; they will arrect you, and her relatives will shoot you."

Such a warning is apt to cool the ardor of any lover, so my friend proposed to carry on a flirtation in the proper way. One must first find out where she lives; to do this you must follow her home from the plaza. It is also advisable to let her see that you are following her. At midnight return with your instruments and serenade under her balcony. You must continue this course perhaps for weeks, and then perhaps she will drop you her handkerchief or billet petit. It is a very good plan to do as Romeo did in soliciting the assistance of one of the domestics, and to also always look out for "breakers." Never go serenading unless your weapons are loaded for big game, as possibly they may make it dreadfully unpleasant for you. Yet, of course, no trouble is likely to happen, as a serenade is a very common thing here, and little is thought of it. To be conventional I followed the senorita down long, dark streets to where she lived. After she had entered the house I crossed the street and secreted myself in a dark passage way, under the impression that I might see her on the balcony later.

I had only been there a few minutes when a low creeping figure, dressed entirely in black, came in beside me. This proved to be another lover, and as he had his hood pulled over his face I could not identify him. He accosted me in Spanish, and while I was explaining to him that I could not speak that language another lover slipped into the doorway. The second gentleman could speak a few words of English, so we then compared notes and found that we were each following the same girl. The very best of friendship immediately sprang up between us, each exchanging cards and shaking hands. Then we entered into a long eulogy upon the beauty of our lady love and discussed plans whereby we might bring her to her window. There were many, but mostly impracticable. I suggested that we should get a ladder and climb up to her balcony, but no ladder was to be found. Then one of the Mexicans proposed that we climb up one over the other, and we finally adopted this plan.

We crossed the street and looked up to the balcony; it was probably 20 feet above the pavement. As I was the tallest they asked me to stand first, but I declined, and as the others objected to become the foundation, we resolved to shake dice for it. So we went into a neat little cantino around the corner. The first man out was to be on top, and I was the lucky man. We returned to the house and the first Mexican braced himself against the wall, supported the weight of the second Mexican, and after I had removed my shoes I climbed up on top. I could just reach the balcony, and with considerably effort pulled myself up to it. I tapped gently at the window, but no answer came; again and again, louder and louder, but no dark eyes pierced through the curtain to greet me. With a last effort I climbed over the railing and put my eye close to the glass.

"Mon Dieu, it is a storage room!"

We had made a mistake and gone to all this effort for nothing. Putting on my shoes and feeling my arduor cooling, I suggested we should take a drink and go home. But the others were not prepared to give up so easily, so they went in search of some musicians for a serenade, while I returned to my hotel.

The following evening found me under the window again, this time accompanied by two musicians, whose beautiful music might soften her proud heart and impulse her to listen to my pleadings. I sang Midway Plaisance to her. I had scarcely finished when I heard a soft voice at the window not two feet from where I stood, saying, "Senor is an Englishman," and senor answered, "Not an Englishman, but an American." Now these lower windows are heavily barred, and portiers concealed the interior. As I pronounced the last word, American, with becoming pride, a soft hand appeared between the curtains and the iron bars. I seized it tenderly and imprinted a kiss upon it, and as I did so it gently slipped away and all was silence as before.—Omaha Bee.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Orders for changes in the reading of advertisements must be handed in to the Times office before 10 a.m. to insure insertion the same day. New advertisements, displayed, will be received up to 3 p.m. and small ads. until 4 p.m. Merchants and other patrons will aid us a great deal by observing these rules, as the work of re-setting requires time and care, and cannot be done satisfactorily when the paper is being prepared for press.

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